THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantitv

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

n North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

Port Almanac—July 31.

Sun Rises	5.06 A M
Sun Sets	7.08 P M
Day's Length	14 h 00 m
High Water at Southport	8.45 P M
High Water at Wilmington	5.32 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N C., July 31

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 80°; 8 p. m., 80°; maximum, 89°; minimum, 74°; mean 82°.

Rainfall for the day, .02; rainfall for the month up to date 4.81 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina: Fair, preceded by showers in the early morning; cooler, winds becoming northerly.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

There were light rains only in the cotton belt yesterday. The average maximum temperature ranged from 87 to 96 degrees. The maximum at the Wilmington station was 89; at Charlotte, 80; Goldsboro 86; Greensboro 82, Raleigh, 84 Weldon, 82; Lumberton 90.

OUTLINES

The Merchants' and Miners' Transportation Company and the Ocean Steamship Company have withdrawn the reduced rates announced recently, at the request of several railroads that would have become involved. —— A Chicago game dealer was found guilty of the illegal sale of wild game. —— The tailors' strike in New York is apparently broken; the settlement committee of the Brotherhood of Tailors have signed the new agreement with sixty contractors. —— The cruiser Atlanta returned to Key West from another search after Cuban filibustering expeditions. —— Dr. L. W. Perkins, of Newport, N. C., has been arrested on a charge of being implicated in the alleged insurance swindle at Beaufort, N. C. —— The State Convention of Maryland Democrats meet to-day; Senator Gorman keeping everybody in suspense as to the nomination for Governor. —— Rumors are current in Charleston, S. C., of a white boy having been murdered by a negro near Mount Holly. —— A valise containing 28,000 counterfeit stamps has been found in Buffalo, N. Y. —— A race riot occurred at a mining camp at Brookside, Alabama, in which two deputy sheriffs were killed and half a dozen negroes shot. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 1@1¼ per cent., last loan at 1 per cent. and closing offered at 1 per cent; cotton quiet; middling gulf 7¼ cents; middling uplands 7 cents; Southern flour dull and easy; common to fair extra $2.20@3.00; good to choice do $3.00@3.80; wheat dull and lower; No 2 red in store and at elevator 75 cents, afloat 76¼c; corn dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 48¼@48¾c; afloat 49¼@49¾c; spirits turpentine dull and easy at 27½@28c; rosin quiet and steady; strained, common to good $1 55@1 57½.

The French Government has recently been presented with a choice collection of Chinese and Japanese gods, nearly ten thousand in number. These people must have been very well supplied with gods when they could spare so many.

The mistake that Mr. Holmes made when he went into the murdering business was that he didn't have a graveyard of his own and then they wouldn't be finding bones, hair, &c., in his various camping places.

There may be some objection to bull fighting, but as far as the public are concerned, it has one advantage over prize fighting; the bull and the toreador can't jaw each other over the wires before the fight comes off as the bruisers can.

About forty years ago Robert Fate, who was then a lieutenant in the British army, struck Queen Victoria in the face with a cane Why he did it we do not know, but they packed him off to Australia where he has remained ever since. He became very wealthy, but was nominally a prisoner and never left Australia until his death, which occurred a short while ago.

Superintendent Beach, of the Hartford railway, has discovered a process of calling a halt on the caterpillars, beetles and other tree destroying varmints which are performing along his line. He wraps a coil or two of copper wire around the infested trees, hitches a little electric dynamo to it and shocks the stuffing out of them. One or two charges do the work for a colony in a tree.

That bull fight they have been talking about so much for Atlanta, and which Mr. Ballou of New York and some others are straining their linen to prevent, is to be only a sham fight "with padded bulls and other padded accessories," as we are assured by the *Constitution*. The "padded accessories" means, we suppose, that the matadore is also to be padded, and go into the ring with his corpus swaddled in thirty or forty pounds of cotton lint. Go to! with your sham bull fights. Who wants to see that kind of a tame fraud? People who go to bull fights go for gore, and they want to see some goring done. Imagine a senor or a senorita from the land of the Montezumas, or a native born thoroughbred sport, sitting down to be entertained by looking at a padded bull fight. It won't do. It would be a thinner take than a cock fight with padded spurs, or a dog fight with muzzles on, or a foot ball game without some two hundred pound chaps to fall on and mash the smaller fellows. When it comes to this thing the average American is intensely realistic.

The Buffalo *Courier* publishes, on the statement of a man who tried it, an alcoholic remedy which knocks the spots out of the gold cure. When the thirst for stimulants is on peel an Irish potato so that one end can be easily put in the mouth and sucked. Put this into a glass of ice water for a few minutes and suck. A few sucks will allay the thirst for "sperits," and repeated a few times if the thirst should return will quench it for good. The Irish potato is a very fine bulb and makes a very stimulating beverage itself, familiarly known by the name of poteen.

The Chattanooga *Times*, goldite organ, commenting on some remarks by the New York *Sun*, another goldite, on Secretary Hoke Smith's speech at Gainesville, says: "Mr. Smith was not a 'howling fanatic' on silver. He merely took that side in perfunctory fashion, because many seemed to like it, and he, like others, had given it no thought." This is about as mean an apology as we ever read, and puts Mr. Smith in the attitude of an unprincipled demagogue, who took sides on a vital question in "a perfunctory fashion, because many seemed to like it."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A. D. BROWN—Dry goods.
W. B. COOPER—Rice, soap, etc.
NOTICE—Moonlight excursion.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

W. M. CUMMING—Stock for sale.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mayor Wm. Ellis, of Newbern, is here on a business visit.

— Mr. M. L. Mallard, of Wallace, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Miss Daisy Jones, of Kenansville, is here, the guest of Miss Fannie McArthur.

— Messrs. J. A. and A. H. Zibelin, of Point Caswell, are in the city on a visit to Mr. William Ulrich.

— Mr. Samuel W. Westbrook, representing Messrs. J. P. Lukins & Co., of Philadelphia, is here on a visit to his old friends.

— Mr. Chas. M. Scattergood, of the Postal Telegraph Company, who has been working here for Mr. J. Morgan Turrentine, leaves this morning for Augusta, Ga.

— Rev. Mr. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Church, left yesterday for his Summer vacation to be absent a month. He will attend Mr. Moody's institute at East Northfield, Mass., August 15th.

Farewell Service.

On Thursday evening at the First Presbyterian Church an interesting service will be held in farewell to Dr. Geo. C. Worth and Miss Emma Chadbourn, who are to be united in marriage this evening and expect to sail as missionaries to China on August 13.

The exercises will consist of short addresses by the pastor and others, and a response by Dr. Worth. Miss Mary Lily Kenan will sing, as appropriate to the occasion, her *chef d'œvre*, "If I Were a Voice," and a selected quartette will lead the singing.

The congiegation of the First Presbyterian Church cordially invite all the friends of these two young people, who have devoted their lives to this noble work, to unite with them in giving them a hearty God-speed. An opportunity to greet them personally will be given in the church parlors immediately after the services. A special train has been engaged to leave Wilmington for the Beach at 10.30 p. m.

Seriously Injured.

Mr. David Joyner, of Holly Ridge, Onslow county, was seriously hurt yesterday on North Front street, near Market. Mr. Joyner attempted to get on a passing street car, but slipped and fell on the stone pavement. Several persons went to Mr. Joyner's assistance and carried him into Messrs. Peterson & Rulfs' store, where Dr. J. C. Shepard attended him. The Doctor found upon examination that the hip-bone was fractured, Mr. Joyner was removed to the residence of his son, in this city.

— There are just as many people looking for houses to rent this year as ever. If you have a vacant house to rent advertise it in the STAR'S Business Locals. Only one cent a word. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast for to-day: Thunder showers; light to fresh variable winds.

— The excursion to Carolina Beach to-night promises to be a delightful one.

— The next instalment of the Harvey-Horr silver debate will appear in the STAR to-morrow.

— The excursionists who went to Raleigh from Wilmington Monday, returned home yesterday, arriving about 6 o'clock a. m.

— The steamer *D. Murchison* will bring a party of excursionists from Fayetteville and points along the river, arriving here Friday morning.

— A large lighter built by Capt. S. W. Skinner for the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. Co., for use in transporting cars across the river, was launched yesterday afternoon.

— There is much talk of a "business boom" in various parts of the country. If anybody has seen anything of the kind in Wilmington, he will please report promptly.

— The STAR can supply back numbers from the beginning of the Harvey-Horr silver debate, having printed a small extra edition for that purpose. Price, five cents per copy.

— Our readers should not forget the excursion to Carolina Beach to-night. The steamer *Wilmington* will leave her wharf promptly at 8 o'clock. About two hours will be spent at the Beach and she will arrive on her return at 12 o'clock.

— Mr. W. B. Jordan travelling agent and correspondent of the STAR, is at Panacea Springs, where he may remain several weeks for the benefit of his health, which, we are glad to say, is improving. During Mr. Jordan's enforced absence from duty, bills for subscription will be sent direct from the STAR office and we earnestly request subscribers to give them prompt attention.

Died of Appendicitis.

Little Norma, daughter of Mr. D. H. Wallace, of Wallace, N. C., deputy collector, died here at 4 p. m., yesterday of appendicitis, after an illness of four days. The physicians decided Monday night about 12 o'clock that an operation was necessary, and it was accordingly performed. The little patient seemed much better yesterday up to 3 o'clock, and it was hoped that she would survive.

The deceased was a bright little girl, ten years of age, cousin of Mr. R. W. Wallace, bookkeeper for Messrs. W. E. Springer & Co., of this city. The remains were taken home yesterday afternoon on the 7 o'clock train, and will be interred to-day in the family burying ground at Wallace.

The Late W. J. Parker.

The Wilmington District Conference of the M. E. Church South, held at Southport last week, adopted the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, It has pleased God in His Allwise Providence to take from the Church militant our esteemed and faithful brother, W. J. Parker.

Resolved 1st. That the Church has lost a wise, true and valiant soldier of the cross.

Resolved 2d. That his inspiring presence, Godly counsels and unswerving fidelity are sadly missed in our conference session.

Resolved 3d. That a copy of these resolutions be recorded in the minutes of this District Conference and published in the *Christian Advocate*.

Melon Growers Discouraged.

This season is said to be very discouraging to the growers of melons, especially in Georgia, South Carolina and Florida, where they are produced so largely for shipment to all parts of the country. The bottom has dropped out of the market earlier than usual, and melons are now not worth shipping. The trouble is ascribed to the fact that, in consequence of the backward season, the crops of the States mentioned have come into market so near together as make the supply much greater than the demand.

The Back Tax Book.

The Board of Aldermen held a special meeting Monday night and adopted resolutions to turn over to the city attorney the back tax book, with full power to collect taxes due the city prior to 1895; that a bond of $5,000 (approved by the Finance committee of the Board) be given by the city attorney, and that the compensation for collecting said taxes shall be as agreed upon by said committee and the city attorney.

Excursions to Western North Carolina.

The Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to Western North Carolina, limited to fifteen days from date of sale, on the following dates: August 2nd, 8th, 16th and 30th, at the following rates: To Lenoir $6.70, Blowing Rock $12.20, Linville $14.20, Cranberry $16.20. A fine opportunity for a fifteen days' outing in the mountains of picturesque Western North Carolina."

Visitors from Southport.

The steamer *Wilmington* brought a party of excursionists to the city yesterday from Southport. Among them were members of Atlantic Lodge No. 43, I. O. O. F., and several candidates upon whom degrees were conferred last night at Odd Fellows's Hall, by Cape Fear Lodge, assisted by Orion, Wilmington and Hanover lodges.

Seriously Cut.

Andrew Henderson, colored, Mayor Fishblate's butler, was seriously cut Monday night by a colored man named Spencer, in a fight that took place in the pavilion for negroes at Ocean View. The wounded man was brought to the city yesterday morning for surgical attention. The man who did the cutting has not yet been arrested.

STEAMBOAT D. MURCHISON.

A New River Steamer to Run Between Fayetteville and Wilmington.

The handsome steamboat *D. Murchison*, Capt. Sandy Robeson in command, arrived yesterday morning at 6 o'clock from Fayetteville, with a number of passengers and a good freight, including 98 casks spirits turpentine, 158 barrels rosin, 68 barrels tar and two barrels crude turpentine. She left on her return trip about half-past three o'clock with passengers and freight for Fayetteville and way landings. The *Murchison* will (as stated by the STAR) take the place of the *Hurt*, her regular days for departure for Fayetteville being Tuesdays and Fridays.

A number of persons visited the new steamboat yesterday while she lay at her wharf foot of Chesnut street, and were shown through the boat and cordially received by Maj. Cook, the agent at Fayetteville, Capt. Robeson, Mr. D. McEachern, one of the owners, Mr. A. H. Williams, the mate, and Mr. Jas. Madden, the agent here.

The *Murchison* is a handsome and commodious boat. She was built at Fayetteville; is 130 feet long, 20 feet beam and 11 feet 2 inches from main deck to upper deck. She is a stern-wheel boat, with non-condensing engine—14 inches in diameter, with a 4-foot stroke. The boiler is of steel. She has accommodations for thirty-six passengers, and can carry 350 bales of cotton or 800 barrels of rosin.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Post-office July 31, 1895:

WOMEN'S LIST.

A—Mrs Blanche Alwood. B—Miss Nellie Brown. C—Lizzie Chatman, Neator Chapman. D—Miss Ellen Davis. Miss Janie Fairley, Miss Rachel Faison. G—Mrs. Tilgman Gaskins. J—Miss Ellen Johnson. L—Miss Lottie Laurence. M—Miss Theresa Moore. P—Miss Florida Phinix, Mrs Victory Perry. S—Miss Annie Smith. T—Miss Jennie Trimby, Miss Lizzie Taylor. W—Miss Hattie A Wells, Mrs Hattie Williams, Miss Lilly Williams and Miss Martha Watts.

MEN'S LIST.

A—Mr A M Alderman. B—Chas J Barnes, Geo W Boney, J L Branch, T A Buffington. C—E F Cooper. D—J A Dean 2, John Willie Davis, Peter Dixon, Thomas Day. G—W N Goodman. H—Henry Howard, William Hill. J—Charlie Jansson, Isham Jackson. L—Henry Lowery. M—Calep Merrick, T W Marcheson. P—Selars Patrick, W J Pancrost. R—Charley Ratter. S—C Marrow Sprawles, Dortha Shepard, C W Sykes, Ham Simpson, John Scott, Manly Sanders. T—Gustave Thege, James Thompson. V—Manuel Viavras. W—John Warren, Tollie C White, W W Wright & Co, Henry Williams, W H Williams 2.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE.

Mrs Albert Foster, Frank C Jones, Mrs Nell Jones, Lucy McKoyie, Bettie Woods.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—23 bales cotton, 48 casks spirits turpentine, 284 bbls rosin, 50 bbls tar, 26 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—56 casks spirits turpentine, 151 bbls rosin, 48 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—186 casks spirits turpentine, 41 bbls tar.

Steamer D. Murchison—28 casks spirits turpentine, 158 bbls rosin, 68 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Lisbon—58 casks spirits turpentine, 270 bbls rosin, 28 bbls tar.

Schooner Argyle—18 casks spirits turpentine, 15 bbls rosin, 12 bbls tar.

Schooner Samuel—20 casks spirits turpentine, 91 bbls rosin, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 23 bales; spirits turpentine, 374 casks; rosin, 964 bbls; tar, 233 bbls; crude turpentine, 42 bbls.

Funeral of the Late Mrs. W. J. Penny.

The funeral of Mrs. Virginia Penny, wife of Mr. W. J. Penny, took place yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock from the First Baptist Church. Rev. Mr. Oliver, the pastor, assisted by Rev. M. P. Player, conducted the services. There was a large attendance of sorrowing friends and relatives of the family. The remains were taken to Oakdale Cemetery for interment, the casket covered with many beautiful floral tributes. The pall-bearers were, Messrs. Jno. Maunder, S. H. Hall; Jno. H. Hanby, Dr. A. M. Baldwin, Mr. R. H. Beery, Mr. Thos. Seeders.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on hird page, or inquire at the STAR office.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

NAVAL RESERVES.

Arrangements for the Annual Cruise of the North Carolina Battalion—Telegrams in Regard to the Amphitrite—General Orders Read to the Wilmington Division.

Commander Winslow and Lieutenant Commander Geo. L. Morton were busy yesterday making arrangements for the annual cruise of the North Carolina Naval Battalion, which begins Friday afternoon. The old monitor *Nantucket* was moved from her moorings yesterday evening at 7 o'clock by the steamer *Wilmington* and placed at the foot of Chesnut street. Commander Winslow, in response to questions asked by a STAR reporter, said the North Carolina Naval Battalion, composed of four divisions from Elizabeth City, Morehead City Kinston and Wilmington, will report in this city on the evening of the 5th of August to Lieutenant Commander Geo. L. Mortan, to take charge of the monitor *Nantucket*, which will be run down to Southport entirely by the Naval Reserves and thereafter be used, anchored off Southport, as sleeping quarters for the battalion. She will be accompanied by the United States warship *Amphitrite* and the revenue cutter *Colfax*. It is now thought that the battalion will not leave Wilmington later than Saturday, the cruise to last only one week. It seems to be a settled fact that the *Amphitrite* will come to the city, and will be met by Governorr Car and Adjutant-General Cameron to pay honor to the first United States warship which has entered any North Carolina river since the late war.

The following telegrams were received yesterday from Charleston, S. C., by Commander Winslow in regard to the *Amphitrite* reaching here:

"To Commander F. Winslow, Wilmington, N. C.—Notice received here that the *Amphitrite* will probably reach Wilmington August 2nd,

[Signed] FRANCIS H. CAMERON, Adjt.-Gen. N. C. S. G."

From Commander Wise of the *Amphitrite*:

"The *Amphitrite* will leave Charleston Thursday noon and reach Southport Friday noon."

The entire town is anxious for the *Amphitrite* to come up to the city, and is ready and willing to accord them a royal reception. Last night the Wilmington Division Naval Reserves met at their armory, and after an address from Lieut. W. M. Atkinson the following general orders were read to them:

HEADQUARTERS NAVAL BATTALION, N. C. STATE GUARD, NEWBERN, N. C., July 25th, 1895. } ORDERS No. 9.

1. The Hon. Secretary of the Navy has ordered the U. S. S. Amphitrite to proceed to Wilmington, N. C., by the 3rd of August for the purpose of affording instruction to the officers and men of this command. The drills and exercises in connection with the Amphitrite will begin on August 5th, and continue four days.

2. Authority has been received from general headquarters to use also the monitor Nantucket in connection with the proposed exercises.

3. Officers and men desiring to participate will report in Wilmington, N. C. to Lieut. Comm'r Geo. L. Morton, Executive Officer, on Friday Aug. 2nd or Saturday Aug. 3rd, 1895.

4. The following conditions must be observed:

(a) Transportation to and from Wilmington must be without cost to the State.

(b) Five dollars ($5.00) for each person participating must be paid to the Paymaster on or before arrival in Wilmington.

5. Officers will provide themselves with the regulation uniform, white trousers, white gloves and sword. Petty officers and men must carry two suits white uniform, one pair leggings, one watch cap, one black silk neckerchief, one pair black shoes, two suits underclothing, two blankets (one double, one single,) two towels, toilet articles including soap as desired.

All articles *must* be legibly marked with the owner's name or battalion number. The following Battalion Numbers are assigned to the several Divisions, and Division Commanders will assign each man of their respective Divisions a number which will not be changed during his connection with the Battalion: Wilmington Division, 1 to 100 inclusive; Elizabeth City Division, 101 to 200; Kinston Division, 201 to 300; Morehead City Division, 301 to 400. Those members of the Battalion who are not yet supplied with full dress uniform will be allowed one suit of citizens' clothing which may be worn (by permission) while on shore. Members having the full dress will carry the same in lieu of citizen's clothes.

It is advised that those provided with blue sweaters and rubber coats should bring them also. Trunks, except for officers, are not allowed and valises must be of moderate size.

6. No arms other than officers' sidearms are to be brought.

7. Each division may bring two boys for instruction in signaling, provided the written consent of their parents or guardians is secured and they agree to be subject to the regular discipline. With that exception no person, except servants, not regularly enlisted, commissioned or appointed a member of the Naval Battalion will be allowed to participate.

8. No servants will be brought by any division. Such as may be necessary will be furnished in Wilmington.

9. Officers and men of each division must report in a body and must come prepared to stay until the completion of the exercises, which are expected to terminate on August 9th to 10th.

10. While participation in the exercises is voluntary, officers and men will be subject to the usual rules and discipline of the Naval service and the State Guard.

F. WINSLOW, Commander, Commanding Naval Battalion.

The meeting was very enthusiastic. Commander Winslow, Lieutenant Commander Morton, Navigator Harper and Adjutant Morrison, speaking to the boys, urged every member who could possibly get off from work to attend the cruise of '95, as it was very necessary for the State Battalion to have as many members of the finest and most efficient division of Naval Reserves in the South and one among the best in the United States present on this cruise, to maintain the reputation gained with the Navy Department on cruises 1893 and 1894. Twenty-five men stated outright that they would go, fifteen were doubtful. The remaining twenty were either sick, absent from meeting or out of the city.

The other divisions will begin to arrive Friday morning, and will each be met by the lively and sturdy seamen of the Wilmington Division.

Mr. H. E. Gibbons has been appointed ship's writer for the cruise of 1895. This is qite a compliment, and the boys are glad to know that the writer has been selected from the Wilmington Division.

The officers who will be present on the cruise are: Commander Francis Winslow, Lieutenant-Commander Geo. L. Morton, Lieutenant John W. Harper, navigating and ordnance officer; Surgeon T. S. Burbank, Chief Engineer W. A. Furlong, Paymaster E. S. Latimer, Lieutenants W. J. Griffin, Elizabeth City, N. C.; W. M. Webb, Morehead City, N. C.; H. D. Haper, Kinston, N. C.; W. M. Atkinson, Wilmington. Lieutenant Junior Grade—J. C. Morrison, Adjutant Battalion; Past Assistant Engineer L. F. Pearsall, Lieutenant W. R. Morrison, Wilmington, junior grade; Assistant Engineer J. O. Scott, Ensign W. F. Robertson.

Officers Petty Staff—Chief Boatswain's Mate, A. G. Prempert; Chief Master at Arms, W. W. Merrell; Chief Gunners' Mate, F. L. Graham; Apothecary, J. W. Duguid, Newbern; Yeoman, H. J. Bovick, Newbern.

Mr. Stutts, of the Wilmington Division, has been detailed by Commander Winslow as machinist on board the *Nantucket*.

Chief Engineer Furlong and his corps of assistants are busy repairing and overhauling the machinery of the *Nantucket*, so it will be in number one order by Friday evening.

CULBERSON'S PROCLAMATION.

The Sports Say It Will Not Stop the Prize Fight in Texas—Their Lawyers Say It Will Amount to Nothing.

DALLAS, TEX. July 28.—The proclamation of Governor Culberson caused little excitement here. The managers of the Florida Athletic Club to-night declared that the contest would come off as announced on October 31st positively. They say that their lawyers hold that after the 1st of September there will be no law on the statute books of Texas interfering with glove contests. They do not hold that the present law is inoperative.

Col. Isaac Standifer, of Denison, one of the leading lawyers of the State, and who was last week appointed a Colonel on the staff of Governor Culberson, is here to-night. He, too, says there will be no law after September 1st prohibiting glove contests. There will be no back-down on the part of the club.

The New York *World* says: "Although they cheerfully admitted that Governor Culberson should have something to say about what goes on in the State of Texas, neither the club's representative nor the big fighters appeared to be greatly alarmed over his manifesto. Dan Stewart, the man who originated the scheme, impressed both fighters favorably, and they do not believe he would have proceeded far unless he knew all about what obstacles might be thrown in the way of a fight.

Sporting men generally pin their faith in Stewart, and comparatively little attention was paid to the Governor's warning, for the reason that the club's lawyers, said to be the best in the Lone Star State, have been all along advising Stewart to go ahead with his plans. Vendig says he has been advised by the Texas men to pay no attention to any reports sent North concerning probable interference by the authorities. According to Stewart, the people of the State, and more particularly those who live in and around Dallas, want the fight, and will have it.

The newsman at the Coleman House will continue to take orders for tickets up to the middle of October. Fitz is still kicking mildly over the proposition made recently to transfer the fight to Galveston. This location is not really objectionable, but Bob wants $2,500 cash before he will agree to such a change. In a pinch the New Zealander might take less. Railroad men have been after him, and arrangements have been partially completed for a special train to carry Fitz and his admirers to Dallas. He decided yesterday to do all his work at Coney Island, finishing up about four days before the date set for the battle.

THE BALL NOZZLE.

It Has Been Adopted in New York—Of Interest to Firemen.

The fire commissioners of New York have adopted the ball nozzle, a recent invention that should be utilized in Wilmington. The *Tribune* says of it:

One great advantage of the ball nozzle is that it does away with the "back pressure" which is ordinarily caused by forcing water under great pressure through a tapering nozzle. It is not unusual to see half a dozen firemen at fires struggling to keep the nozzle of a hose pointed in the right direction while a powerful stream of water is being directed at the flames and the hose near the nozzle is twisting and wriggling about like a huge eel. When the firemen have to fight fires at close quarters the "back pressure" sometimes places them in much danger and greatly impedes their work. With a ball nozzle a fireman can walk almost directly into the flames with impunity. The water, instead of being sent in a stream, is hurled forward in a torrent of rain which spreads from the nozzle at an angle of about fifty-five degrees. As the fireman advances the smoke is driven back from him and he is shielded from the heat until the flames are subdued.

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Rone, P. E.

Waccamaw circuit, Shiloh, August 2
Columbus circuit, Peacock's, August 3
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, at Fair Bluff, August 3 and 4
Elizabeth circuit, Bladen Springs, August 10 and 11
Magnolia circuit, Magnolia, August 17 and 18
Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, August 18
Carver's Creek circuit, Carver's Creek, August 24 and 25
Bladen circuit, Antioch, August 31 and September 1
Kenansville circuit, Richlands, September 7 and 8
Brunswick circuit, Shalotte Camp, September 14 and 15
Clinton circuit, Johnson's, September 21 and 22.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

TRAGEDY IN CONWAY.

John G. Bruton Killed While Resisting Arrest—The Killing Justifiable.

CONWAY, S. C., July 29.—John G. Bruton was killed here this afternoon by Constable John H. McCaskill. Trial Justice Cooper's Court had just adjourned, and Bruton attacked one Johnson, who had testified against him. The trial justice ordered his constable, McCaskill, to stop the row that followed. Bruton refused to be arrested, and bystanders were called on to assist the constable. W. H. Bruton, father of John G., interfered and pushed McCaskill away from his son. The latter, having drawn his knife, struck McCaskill in the back, only cutting his clothes, and continued to advance. McCaskill drew his pistol and fired two shots, one entering the left side and causing death in a few minutes. McCaskill surrendered to the sheriff, and has engaged counsel to apply for bail.

The verdict of the coroner's jury was that the killing was justifiable.

The Cuban "Machete."

Doubtless, hundreds of readers of the STAR have been waiting for a description of the "machete," the weapon so often used at close quarters by the insurgents in Cuba. The Columbia *State* describes it as follows:

"The 'machete,' of which such frequent mention is made in the Cuban war dispatches, is a sort of sword-knife, two edged and very heavy, about thirty inches long. It is the peculiar weapon of tropical America, and hangs at the side of almost every laborer, its duties in peace being to cut sugar cane and the soft stems of the plantain, and clear paths through the dense vines of the forest. It is probably a direct descendant of the famous Roman short sword, and when wielded by arms accustomed to its use is a terrible weapon in battle. Much heavier than the sabre, it is much more deadly. In this war, as in that of 1868-78, it has slain more Spaniards than rifle balls have done."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Moonlight Excursion

TO CAROLINA BEACH THIS WEDNESDAY night, July 31st. Steamer WILMINGTON will leave 8 o'clock sharp and return at 12 o'clock. Music. Fare only 25 cents.
GEO. N. HARRISS, JNO. W. HARPER.
july 31 1t

RICE, RICE.

10 barrels common Rice.
10 bags Java Rice.
25 bags best Japan Rice.
10 boxes Borax Soap.
30 boxes Riverside Soap.
25 boxes Boss Soap.
10 boxes D. D. Soap.
Ask prices.
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commision Merchant,
July 31 tf D&W 226 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Annual Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Eastern Carolina Piscatorial Association will be held at the Orton House, in this city, Tuesday, August 6th next, at 12 o'clock noon.
FRANK H. STEDMAN,
july 30 1w Secretary.

Printer Wanted.

A STOUT, RELIABLE BOY WHO HAS worked one or two years at the trade, State wages desired. Must be reasonable.
THE TIMES,
july 28 3t Jacksonville, N. C.

Until August 1st

The liberal discount (25c on the dollar) limit on

Dry Goods,

Carpets, Mattings, &c.,

To August 1st, only a few more days, on all goods except Sheetings, Shirtings and Spool Cotton.
R. M. McINTIRE.
July 28 11t

THE CAROLINA MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Company,
of Charlotte, N. C.

The CAROLINA MUTUAL is a strong NORTH CAROLINA Company. It is, however, a stock company, and issues absolutely non-participating and non-assessable policies. Its mutual feature consists in a charter provision, that one-third of its directors must be POLICYHOLDERS who are NOT stockholders elected by the POLICYHOLDERS; this is a very strong point, the policy-holders who have great interests at stake, have a share in the management of the Company, and will always know its condition. Better than this, the CAROLINA MUTUAL deposits all premiums received at this agency to their credit with the WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY. This makes it practically a local company. The directors of the company are:

P. M. BROWN, Of Brown, Weddington & Co., Wholesale Hardware.
E. B. SPRINGS, Of E. B. Springs & Co., Fertilizers and Wagons.
M. P. PEGRAM, Cash'r First Nat'l Bank of Charlotte.
B. D. HEATH, Of Heath Brothers, Bankers.
SAM'L E. WHITE, President Fort Mill Man'f'g Co.
A. C. SUMMERVILLE, Lumber and Real Estate.
J. T. ANTHONY, Wholesale Provisions and Grain.
JOHN W. MILLER, Real Estate and Cotton Broker.
HERIOT CLARKSON, Of Clarkson & Duls, Att'ys-at-Law.

These gentlemen stand among the wealthiest and most successful business men of North Carolina, and their names are a guarantee of the Company's honesty, conservatism and success. We heartily recommend the Company to the property owners of Wilmington. We also represent other good companies, and do a general insurance business. Come to see us.

STEDMAN & WORTH,
Resident Agents.
je 9 tf

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST
DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE ARE

BUSY!

Three of the busiest weeks within the history of our house have just past and we enter upon the fourth with even

Greater Expectations.

Fleeting chances should be grappled ere they pass forever. Now is the time to avail yourself of our

Great Removal

SALE

WE ARE MAKING EXTRAORDINARY EFFORTS.

20 Per Cent. Discount

On all goods (except Shirtings, Sheetings, Spool Cotton and Patterns).

Plain Figures.

A child could read them. Don't let this chance slip by—grapple it. Save yourself dollars and secure the most seasonable and satisfying sort of bargains ever offered in a

DryGoods

STORE.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK.

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

We will move to 29 North Front street, Store formerly occupied by P. Heinsberger. jy 21 tf

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.

CHANGE OF PIER.

Commencing Saturday, Aug. 3d, 1895,

Clyde Line Steamers for WILMINGTON, N. C., and GEORGETOWN, S. C., will sale Saturdays at 3.00 p. m., from Pier 49, E. R., between Clinton and Montgomery streets, near the Receiving Station of the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., instead of Pier 29, E. R., as heretofore.

Wm. P. Clyde & Co., Gen'l Agts.
5 Bowling Green, N. Y.
THEO. G. EGER, Traf. Mgr.
July 27 1w

Just to Remind You

THAT YOU CAN'T HELP BEING

CURED

If you will have your Prescription work done by
JAS. D. NUTT,
Jy 28 tf The Druggist.

For Rent,

THAT DESIRABLE STORE No. 18 Market street, at present occupied by Sol. Bear & Co. Three Stories, elevator and basement and all modern improvements. Possession given October 1st.
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
july 28 7t 18 Market street.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper a North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $5 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 31, 1895

THE WAY TO SOLVE IT.

We have time and again within the past three years asserted that the establishment of State banks would be the speediest and easiest solution of the financial problem. Eastern bankers who have their vaults full of money may assert that there is money enough, and Secretary Carlisle may repeat this assertion, but it would be very difficult to convince the farmer who sells his wheat at 60 cents a bushel, or the cotton planter who sells a good quality of cotton for 7 cents a pound, or the farmer who cannot get as much for his land as he could have gotten ten years ago, that there is money enough in this country; and it would be hard to convince the merchant or other business men who send their collectors out to collect money due them. They *know* there is not money enough in circulation, and the weekly list of business failures, notwithstanding the revival in business, is further proof that they are correct.

If there was money enough in circulation why this wide-spread and intense agitation of the money question? Why this demand by the masses of the people for the free coinage of silver? The people do not leave their work and their business and gather in public meetings and send delegates to represent them at other meetings just for the sake of agitating, or for fun, or to kill time, or to raise a racket. Thousands of Southern and Western men who had been all their lives acting with the Democratic party didn't pull out of it a few years ago just from caprice and join another party just because they wanted a change, but because that party made the demand for more money, one of the main planks in its platform, and it wasn't in the shape of free silver either, for that was only one of the incidents, one of the ways of supplying more money. The captivating feature of the demand with them was the increase in the volume of money to $50 *per capita* and that the Government issue the money direct without the agency of banks.

Without arguing as to the merits of this demand the fact remains that the men who made it and the more than million of men who voted for it didn't believe there was money enough in circulation. The millions of men who are now and have since the repeal of the Sherman purchase clause been contending for the free coinage of silver do not believe there is money enough in circulation. If they did there would be no such agitation, for the bulk of them do not know enough about silver *per se* nor care enough about it *per se*, to care a continental for it, if there was money enough without it; but there is no gold in circulation, very little silver in circulation (although more of that than gold) and the only way they have of getting money is through the national banks, and these are worth very little to the mass of the people, for they do not and cannot lend money on such security as the people have to give.

Here is the cause of the agitation of the silver question by the masses, who do not go deep into the question and argue it from the standpoint of principle, but simply view it as the most promising way of increasing the volume of currency and furnishing the money the people need. If this were done in some other way there would speedily be a cessation of the demand for free coinage, because there would no longer be a necessity or a motive for it.

Some of the so called "sound money" men are beginning to realize this, and are essaying to stem the free silver tide by favoring the repeal of the ten per cent. tax on State banks, and the establishment of a system of State banks. We have seen a number of communications lately in Northern journals advocating this. One of them sent from Norfolk, Va., and published in the New York *Herald*, contended that it was State banks and not free silver that the people of the South wanted, or in other words that State banks are of more importance to them than free silver, which is true.

A few days ago Mr. Atkinson, of Boston published in the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin*, a plan for increasing bank note circulation without waiting for the action of Congress or the repeal of the bank tax, concluding with the declaration that he had long ago become convinced that the bank tax ought to be repealed and therefore submits his plan for the increase of the currency without waiting the action of Congress.

In the same paper a day or two later was published a letter from a prominent citizen of Danville, Va., advocating the repeal of the bank tax and also presenting a plan for the establishment of State banks.

In his speech at Gainesville, Ga., Secretary Hoke Smith favored the retiring of the Greenbacks and substituting for them State bank notes, under some system established with proper safeguards.

All this shows that the State banks are commanding attention, and that many are coming to the conclusion that in them is to be found the most effective and the speediest solution of the monetary question. We cannot get them alone, but coupling them with limited silver coinage we may get them and have the solution beyond a doubt.

MINOR MENTION.

The project of utilizing the Falls of Niagara for the transmission of motive power for manufactories has for twenty years or more attracted attention. Fully twenty years ago a plan was proposed and seriously discussed for transmitting power through tubes by some force process, the particular feature of which we have forgotten, but the plan was thought so well of that there was considerable talk and some effort made to organize a company for that purpose. When it was discovered and practically demonstrated that electricity could be applied to the driving of machinery and the transmission of power the project was revived, and stupendous as it was, carried out successfully, but it took three years of hard work to convince the capitalists approached, and many electricians that it was practicable and if practicable that it could be made profitable. But the promoters of the scheme at last succeeded in securing the necessary financial backing and the work on this grand enterprise began in 1889. The following, which we clip from an article in the St. Louis *Republic*, will give some idea of the stupendous proportions of the work undertaken:

The construction of the tunnel alone was an immense undertaking. Over a thousand men were engaged on it continuously for three years. Some 300,000 tons of rock had to be removed and more than 16,000,000 brick were used in the lining. Then there is a canal of an average depth of 12 feet and 1,700 feet long. It varies in width, being 250 feet wide where the water enters it from the Niagara river a mile and a quarter above the falls. The walls of the canal are of solid masonry, as is also the bottom of it. Nor is this all the excavating, tunnelling and masonry work which the foundation of the plant required. A wheel pit 178 feet deep had to be dug through the rock. This pit had to be connected by a lateral tunnel with the main tunnel, which is to serve the place of a tail-race 7,000 feet long.

To secure the right kind of dynamos, turbine wheels, &c., the greatest care had to be taken and prizes amounting to $22,000 were paid to competitors in this country and Europe, and agents were sent to make tours of Europe to learn all that could be learned about the different methods of transmitting power. Now that the practicability of transmitting power sufficient to drive machinery within a radius of ten or twenty miles has been demonstrated, the only question to be solved is how far and in what quantity this power can be transmitted. Nicola Tesla, the managing electrician of the works, the equal of Edison in some respects and in some the superior of Edison, contends that he can send one hundred thousand volts, without appreciable diminution, to New York City, a distance of 450 miles in one direction, or to Chicago 500 miles distant in another direction. The success of this enterprise means a revolution in the methods of operating machinery.

* * *

The idea that generally prevails in this country as to Mexico is that it is a country inhabited by an ignorant, shiftless, trifling people, one class of whom, the wealthier, is too proud to work and the other too lazy. There was some foundation for this belief for the most of the real eastate in times past was owned by the prevailing church and by the class which corresponds with the aristocracy of Europe, but closer connection with this country by the completion of railways, and the settlement of Americans and enterprising Europeans in that country has infused new life and created an industrial revolution among a people where such a thing might seem impossible. The result of this is that within the past fifteen years there is no country with the same population which has made more substantial progress than this comparatively little known Republic. She has now 8,000 miles of railway connecting all of her leading cities and running to ports on the Gulf and on the Pacific, and eventually some of these roads will connect with other roads running through Central and South America, thus becoming the great highway between North and South America. In addition to this the adoption of the jetty system has given deep water in some of her rivers, so that ocean vessels of heavy draft can pass up to the cities above, swamp lands have been drained, bringing under cultivation large areas of the richest kind of soil, and a sewerage system of immense proportions now drains the lakes near the City of Mexico, which, at certain seasons overflowed and caused sickness, and also carries off the refuse of the city into the streams of the valley several miles below. This is but the beginning, and she is keeping it up. It may be incidentally remarked that Mexico is on a silver basis, and all this work has been and is being done with silver dollars.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— It would be an easier matter to rebuke the foreigners who are trying to introduce bull-fights to this country if there were no danger of some impudent person's mentioning the subject of prize-fights.—*Chicago Record, Ind.*

—— In 1893, with the McKinley duty of about 50 per cent., the imports of cotton ties amounted to 1,697 tons. Last year the imports fell to 50 tons; and this year, with no duty at all, the imports have ceased entirely, so far as shown by the published figures for the first five months. Here is a puzzle for some of the Protectionist jugglers of statistics to work out.—*Phil. Record, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Lexington *Dispatch*: Mining property is increasing in value; places that were offered for $500 a few years ago are held at $8,000 to $10,000 now.

— Roanoke *Beacon*: On Monday, about 1 o'clock, Abe Nichols, aged about 15 years, accidentally fell into the river off the wharf at the N. & S. depot and was drowned before help could reach him. The body was taken from the water in a few minutes, but all efforts to revive him were in vain.

— Henderson *Times*: Prof. W. E. Hidden, a noted mineralogist and miner from New Jersey, who is stopping at the Arlington, is making some interesting mineral surveys in this county. He is reported as saying that Henderson county is the richest field for minerals and precious stones that he has examined, and believes the half has not yet been told.

— Salisbury *Herald*: Capt. Wm. Williams, a mining engineer who has worked at nearly all the principal mines in this country and in Africa and who is thoroughly familiar with tin ores, says that the King's Mountian tin mines have a rich grade of ore and in large quantities. Captain Williams has a tin pan that was made in California in 1870 from the first tin produced in this country.

— Chatham *Record*: A noble young life was extinguished in the death of Mr. Caswell Allred, at Holly Springs, on last Friday. He was at the hopeful age of eighteen years, and was a youth of much promise. He was a son of the Rev. B. C. Allred, and a grandson of the late Col. James F. Rives, of this county.

—— In this vicinity and in many parts of Chatham the corn crop is as good as was ever known, but in some sections it has suffered for the want of rain.

— Shelby *Star*: Mr. David McSwain, who recently died near Beaver Dam, and who was one of the county's best citizens, was remarkable in some things. He was 86 years of age and lived seven miles from Shelby and never ate but two meals in Shelby in his life, one with Mr. Albert Green and the other with Mr. J. B. Fortune. Although he was 86 years old he had never been farther than 32 miles away from home and to no towns except Shelby and Rutherfordton. He lived a happy life and enjoyed staying at home.

— Charlotte *News*: Mr. Thomas M. Belk died at his home on North Church at 11 o'clock last night after a long illness. The deceased was about 39 years of age and was a son of the late Thos. K. Belk, of Lancaster, S. C.——A little boy, aged 13 months, a son of Mr. Gardner, who is an operative at the Gingham Mills, died about dusk yesterday from bleeding at the nose. The bleeding commenced Friday evening and continued almost without interruption until yesterday evening, when death resulted. The child had no fever, its temperature was normal, and the case was one that puzzled the physicians.

TWINKLINGS

— Householder—Here, drop my coat and get out!

Burglar—You shut up or I'll wake your wife and give her this letter you forgot to post.—*Detroit Tribune.*

— "Honorah," called Mr. Grogan from the front of the house. "What is it now?" "Is it singin' ye are, or grindin' the coffee for supper, I dunno?"—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Something of a person's character may be discovered by observing how he smiles. Some people never smile; they only grin.—*Bovee.*

— "What more should a woman want?" he asked. "Is not the world at her feet now?"

"Oi course it is," replied the sharp-nosed girl. "You do not expect her to walk on her hands, do you?"—*Indianapolis Journal.*

All

forms of Summer Complaint, Cramps, Colic, Cholera Morbus, etc., which are attended by so much

Pain

are quickly relieved and effectually cured by PAIN-KILLER. The standard remedy for these troubles for more than 50 years. It

Goes

without saying, that every kind of pain—internal or external—takes its leave

When

PAIN-KILLER is applied. Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Bites and Stings are all cured by

Pain-Killer

Accept no substitutes or imitations. The genuine bears the name—"Perry Davis & Son"—and is sold everywhere at 25c. a bottle, (double the former quantity). Remember that all pain goes when Pain-Killer

Comes.

June 8 58t ra we fr

AUNT MEG'S COLUMN.

"Harry, I can sum up your case in three words," said Lancaster. "The fact is—and you cannot deny it—you're in love!"

Ellington started. "How on earth did you find that out?" he muttered.

"Experience and casual observation," replied Lancaster shortly. "By the bye, I saw Milly Holsworth today." Then, with a grin: "Um, I thought I wasn't far out. She's a nice girl, Harry, and a clever one. Women nowadays who are good looking and can earn their own living are in great demand in the matrimonial market, so I'm told, and I can quite believe it."

"Yes," groaned Ellington, "but when a man has only a paltry $1,250 a year the idea of—er—er—even proposing to a lady who can buy him up might give rise to unpleasant comments—h'm!"

"Personally I should try my luck. 'Faint heart,' etc., you know. You never know what may transpire. Say you decide to see how absence might affect the case and to wait till your return to England. She might be snapped up in the meantime. Perhaps the steamer might founder, and——and!"

"Don't, Lancaster, don't!" shuddered Ellington. "Your advice, old chap, I fear has not advanced the improvement of the outlook at all."

"Then the only course that remains open for you is to consult Aunt Meg," sighed Lancaster.

"Aunt Meg! Who is she? And what's she got to do with it?"

"Aunt Meg is a lady connected with a popular publication entitled The Daisy, whose official duty it is to receive and reply to, through the columns of the aforesaid journal, all questions that may be submitted to her notice on the all important theme of love and its attendant trials, misunderstandings and vagaries in general."

"Consult Aunt Meg!" the words seemed to ring in Ellington's ears for some time after the departure of his friend Lancaster.

"A precious fool I'd be thought," he mused, "supposing I was idiot enough to trust my private affairs to the tender mercies of a modern lady journalist, if the story looked out. Certainly one might write under a nom de plume or initials, but then I don't believe in such rot."

Half an hour's meditation, however, served to put matters before him in a different light. He reflected that the journal in question bore a very high character, and he resolved to try Aunt Meg.

After due destruction of various sheets of note paper, his communication was at last fairly neatly transcribed and ran as follows:

To "Aunt Meg," Daisy Offices, 420 Fleet Street, E. C.:

MADAM—I trust you may be able to successfully advise me as to my actions in the following matter: To be brief, I am aged 30 and am in receipt of an annual income of $1,250 as private secretary to a titled gentleman, who is to depart on a voyage of indefinite duration in three weeks' time for his health's sake, and I am to accompany him. A month ago I made the acquaintance of a charming lady about my own age, and we have met at various intervals since.

As you will already have surmised, I am deeply in love with her, though I have not as yet declared my passion. As far as I am aware, from the statement of a friend, she is in receipt of an income exceeding mine by £250 per annum, derived from her employment, the exact nature of which, however, owing to the shortness of our acquaintance, I am unfortunately in ignorance of beyond that it is something in a city office.

I have every reason to believe that my attentions, such as they have been, are not altogether distasteful. What would you advise me to do? Ask her now and risk a slender income, or wait till I am in more affluent circumstances, which chance is slightly remote at the present outlook? H. A. E.

Two Saturdays passed and left him in the deepest depths of despair, owing to the nonappearance of a reply to his communication.

In the meantime he met Mildred Holsworth on two occasions at the house of a mutual acquaintance and once was almost on the verge of a declaration, but checked himself in time to save making himself an arrant ass, as he termed it.

It was with feverish excitement that he opened the last issue of The Daisy published before he left England. Eagerly he scanned the page sacredly set apart for the benefit of "Aunt Meg" and her amorous ramblings.

Yes, it was there at last!

H. A. E.—Waste no time, but go and ask her at once. If I judge rightly from the tone of your letter, you need scarcely have any apprehension as to the nature of her reply. As to monetary matters, a girl who cannot comfortably manage and be happy on the united income doesn't deserve a husband at all.

It was all over. The last slipper had sped its course in the air and disappeared through the window of the compartment which had the honor of accommodating the happy couple, and the last handful of rice lay whitening the platform like a miniature fall of snow.

"I'm so glad it's all over at last," sighed Mildred Ellington as she threw herself wearily back among the cushions. But the whole affair was a complete success and went off without a flaw."

"Yes, darling, quite complete, except for the absence from the ceremony of one to whom I owe a great deal of my present happiness—in fact, one of your sister strugglers in the field of literature, Milly, I've a confession to make. I know you'll think I'm an awful fool, and perhaps be angry, but promise me, Milly, beforehand that you will forgive me."

"I'd promise you anything, Harry. It—it can't be anything dreadful, I'm sure," falteringly.

"Then read that and put me out of my misery."

And taking from his inside breast pocket a copy of The Daisy containing Aunt Meg's advice, which he had so successfully acted upon, he opened it at the fatal page and handed it to her.

"Harry," she said quietly, pushing it away, her eyes filling with tears the while, "I—I know what you mean now. She—she was there, and—and you saw her."

"I saw her, Milly?" ejaculated Ellington, utterly taken aback by her answer.

"Yes, Harry, and you see her now! I—I was Aunt Meg at the time, and knowing whom your question concerned replied accordingly. I, too, meant to confess all today, and you have made it easier for me to do so. Kiss me, Harry, and say you forgive me."—Exchange.

Will Hardly Be Popular.

A Yankee, probably a Maine man, has invented a doorknob that renders a latch-key superfluous. It is stated that the tumblers of the lock are so arranged as to get 100,000 combinations, by rotating the knob about its axis to each of five angular positions, which are determined by the sides of the hexagon assuming the vertical. There is much more to the description, but enough has been quoted to indicate that a convivialist trying to use the combination would be found asleep on the doorstep and standing on his head.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Royal Bills.

It is the etiquette of the Paris trade never to send a bill to kings or queens—until they have lost their thrones and joined the ranks of the "kings in exile." One celebrated Paris dressmaker employs a secretary at $2,000 a year for almost the sole purpose of reminding ladies of high rank, while seeming not to do so, that they owe money and that payments are desirable. Most of the queens, however, pay with reasonable promptness, but the best customers of French dressmakers and milliners are the ladies of the Egyptian seraglios, who never complain about the costumes sent them, and who pay the bills without protest.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

His Going Occupation.

"A strong, healthy man like you ought not to be out of work."

"I'm willin to work, ma'am, but I can't get nothin to do at my trade. Raw material's all gone."

"What's your trade?"

"Blacksmith."

"Surely there's plenty of iron!"

"Yes'm, but I'm a horseshoer. There ain't no horses."—Chicago Tribune.

A Genial Temperament.

"They's nothink like takin things good naturedly," said Meandering Mike.

"Yes," said Plodding Pete. "That's my way o' doin. Whenever I takes things I allus let's the folks as owns 'em do the gittin mad."—Indianapolis Journal.

A Worthy Pair.

Doctor—I bury my mistakes.

Criminal Lawyer—I hang mine.—New York Herald.

"FLY LOO" WITH A VENGEANCE.

How a Scientist Did a Little Investigation and Also Did a Party of Friends.

The fat man with the stubby mustache and the tall, blond man with the green tie smoked silently for a time. Over near the bar two young men were contributing their substance to one of those cigar machines where the nickel you drop zigzags down among the steel pins in a way which makes you think you are going to win a box of Henry Clays and then gives you the laugh and drops out of sight.

"That's worse than fly loo," said the fat man after he had watched the game awhile.

"What's fly loo?" asked the man with the green tie.

"Oh, it's a little game we used to play in British Guiana when I was on the sugar plantation. Most of the white people down there are English, and draw poker is altogether too American for them. Besides it's so hot a good part of the time that there's no fun in anything that keeps you moving. So they play fly loo. You sit around a table with a cool drink handy and a cheroot. Everybody puts a lump of sugar on the table in front of him and throws a shilling into the pot. Then everybody takes a drink and smokes."

"But where does the game come in?"

"I'm getting to that. Nobody does anything till a fly lights on a lump of sugar. Then the man who owns that lump takes the pot. Everybody antes another shilling and takes another drink and waits for another fly. If two flies light on two lumps at the same time, it's a jack pot, and if two flies get on to the same lump at the same time it costs another shilling all around. It's a great game for a hot country. You don't have to think any or say anything or do anything, and you can lose enough in an evening to make it interesting."

The man with the green tie smoked thoughtfully a minute and then said: "Don't believe I'd like a game like that. It's nothing but chance—no room for skill or science."

"I used to think the same way," said the fat man, "but I got over it. That was the winter the professor was with us. He came from New England and was collecting bugs. He was a quiet, pious looking chap, sort of ministerial in his talk. But he used to sit around the cafe a good deal of evenings and was always watching the game through his big spectacles. One night after he had squirmed around on his chair awhile he asked us if he might come in. We said yes, of course, and he pulled out a lump of sugar and put up his shilling.

"Well, sir, it wasn't ten seconds before two flies bumped their heads together getting on to his lump. We all put up another shilling apiece, and the professor raked them in. In less than a minute the same thing happened again, and then the flies came in carriages to get on to that lump of sugar. They were three deep all over it till it looked like a prize blackberry. You couldn't keep 'em off with a club, and the old man cleaned out the whole lot of us.

"The professor was gone the next morning, but he left a note for one of the crowd that said as near as I can remember:

"'I have to thank you and you friends for a most charming and instructive evening. I was much gratified last night at the opportunity of testing a little scientific theory. The common house fly, or Musca domestica, belongs to the family of "suckers," so called because they suck their food through their proboscis. When partaking of dry nutriment Musca domestica first moistens it with a secretion from the proboscis so that it may be sucked up in liquid form. It occurred to me that possibly by relieving Musca domestica of the necessity for moistening its food it would be able to feed more rapidly and agreeably. I therefore ventured slightly to moisten the lump of sugar I had with me before placing it on the table. I may say that I was charmed with the immediate and unmistakable demonstration of the accuracy of my theory. Entomology is a delightful study.'

"You see," continued the fat man, "there's more science to fly loo than you'd think. Here, waiter, bring us two more of the same"—New York Herald.

A Weather Opinion.

Do you wish to hear an oracular weather opinion? Listen to this statement by the ingenious Dr. Kirwan and commit it to memory, if you can: "When there has been no particular storm about the time of the spring equinox, if a storm arise from the east on or before that day, or if a storm from any point of the compass arise near a week after the equinox, then in either of these cases the succeeding summer is generally dry four times in five, but if a storm arise from the southwest or west southwest on or just before the spring equinox then the summer following is generally wet, five times in six." At any rate an umbrella in the hand is worth four in the rack. —New York Advertiser.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use: that he would not be without if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY.

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM

High Grade Tobacco

AND

ABSOLUTELY PURE

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SOME SENTIMENT IN FLATS.

Tender Associations About Places In Which the City Nomad Locates.

"This moving about every year destroys the sentiment of life," an old gentleman was overhard to say to a younger one on a suburban train one day during the migrating period.

"I've lived in the same house over on Michigan avenue ever since the fire of 1871, and we managed to save a good many things from the old home to make the new one homelike. There is no one left now but myself and a daughter. Ten years ago, when she was married, my son-in-law could not buy a house, and they proposed to go into an apartment. I said no, they could come and live in the old home. Now every nook and corner of the place is dear to them. They were married there and came back from their honeymoon to sit before the same grate fire where they had sat together in the days of their courtship. Their children have all been born in one room, and one has died and been carried out the front door."

"Birth, marriage and death," answered the younger man. "One of our Cambridge philosophers has said that a house was not a home until these three things had happened in it, until the walls were saturated with joy and grief. Yes, that should make the place dear to your family.

"But I think you are mistaken about this moving from one house to another killing the sentiment for home. Most people love some locality for its associations. We have moved several times for material reasons, but there are places in which we have lived that my wife and I cannot pass without tender memories.

"There is a parlor in a down town hotel where I proposed to her, a rustic seat in Lincoln park where she accepted me. We often go to sit on it now.

"There is a certain flat in a long row of them whose windows seem to shine especially for us when we pass it at night, for there our child was born. And there is another from which a beloved brother was borne to his last home. The little parlor of the cottage in which we live now has been made glad by the marriage of a young girl friend of my wife's. It would be sweeter if all these things had happened in one house, but you can't rob me of my memories by scattering them."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine, you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 lb Jute	@	5½
Standard	7½@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	13½@	14
Sides ₩ lb	8½@	10
Shoulders ₩ lb	@	8
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	7 @	7¼
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	@	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	
Northern	28 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	60 @	
Virginia Meal	65 @	70
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle	@	75
CANDLES— ₩ lb		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb		
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15 @	19
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	@	10
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 3 ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50 @	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
" Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—		
Low grade	3 25 @	3 75
Choice	4 00 @	4 25
Straight	4 25 @	4 40
First Patent	5 00 @	5 25
GLUE— ₩ lb	7½@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	65 @	67½
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	65
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	65
Oats, from store	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof	@	50
Cow Peas	90 @	1 00
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	4
Dry	@	5½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	2¼
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	8½@	9@
North Carolina	8½@	9
LIME, ₩ barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER (City sawed) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	22
" " in bbls	@	18
Porto Rico, in hhds	28 @	32½
" " in bbls	25 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13 @	14
" " in bbls	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	18 @	24
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 65 @	1 75
OIL, ₩ barrel—		
City Mess	4 50 @	18 50
Rump	@	14 00
Prime	@	15 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	12
SALT, ₩ sack Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	65
Lisbon	@	55
American	@	50
on 105 ₩ Sacks	45 @	50
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granu'd	5½@	5
Standard A	@	4¾
White Ex C	@	4¼
Extra C, Golden	@	4¼
C, Yellow	@	4
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	14
" R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, & M feet—Shipping	10 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	00 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	00 @	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5 @	6
WHISKEY, & gallon—Northern	00 @	
North Carolina	1 00 @	
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14 @	
Clear of burs	2½ @	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 30.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE— Steady at 24½ cents per gallon for country and 25 cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 20 per bbl. for Strained and $1 25 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 80 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market quies at $1 20 for Hard, $1 60 for Yellow Dip and $2 10 for Virgin.

COTTON—Steady.

Ordinary	4½	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	5¾	" "
Low Middling	6 7-16	" "
Middling	6¾	" "
Good Middling	7 3-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	22 bales
Spirits Turpentine	374 casks
Rosin	964 bbls
Tar	232 bbls
Crude Turpentine	42 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Evening—Money on call easy at 1@1½ per cent. last loan at 1 and closing offered at 1. Prime mercantile paper quoted at 4@4½ per cent. Bar silver 66. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at 489½@489¾ for sixty days, and 490@490¼ for demand. Posted rates 490@491. Commercial bills 488½@488¾. Government bonds steady. United States bonds lower. Railroad bonds firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was neglected.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 30—Evening Cotton—middling gulf 7¼c; middling 7c; net receipts — bales; gross receipts 477 bales; forwarded 436 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,091 bales; to the Continent 26 bales; sales 2,093 bales, all spinners; stock 176,794 bales.

Futures closed quiet; July 6 75, August 6 75; September 6 78; October 6 88; November 6 87; December 6 93; January 6 97; February 7 02; March 7 07. Sales 39,200.

Total to-day—Net receipts 78 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,436 bales; to the Continent 24 bales; stock 348,003 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,908,160 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,418,903 bales; exports to France 772,833 bales; exports to the Continent 2,415,548 bales.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Flour dull and neglected; winter wheat, low grades $2 50@3 10; fair to fancy $3 30@3 80; patents $4 00@4 05; low extras $2 50@3 10; Minnesota clear $2 90@3 30; patents $3 90@4 60; city mills $4 00@$4 25. Southern flour dull and easy; common to fair extra $3 30@3 00; good to choice $3 00@3 80. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 75c; afloat 76¼c; options were dull and irregular, declining 1¾, rallying ¾, decling ⅛, and closing weak at 1@1¼c under yesterday; No. 2 red, July 75c; August 75c; September 76¼c. Corn dull and firm; No. 2 red 48¼@48¾c at elevator 49¼@49¾c afloat; options declined ⅛, rallied ⅜, closed steady with a light trade; July 48¾c; August 48¾c; September 48¼c. Oats dull and unchanged; options firm; July 28¾c; August 27¼c; September 26¾c; spot prices—No. 2 28¼c; No. 2 white 32c; mixed Western 30c¼. Hay quiet and firm; shipping 75c; good to choice 95c@$1 05. Wool firm and in moderate demand; domestic fleece 16@22c; pulled 15@34c. Beef dull and unchanged; family $11 00@11 90; extra mess $8 00; beef hams strong at $18 00; tierced beef quiet; city extra India mess $16 50@17 00; cut meats firm pickled bellies 7¾c; shoulders 6c; hams 9¼@10c. Lard quiet and

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of is on the wrapper. Chas. H. Fletcher. Weshall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

THE SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR

DIXIE FARMER

The Great Farm, Industrial and Stock Journal of the South.

ONE YEAR FOR $1.

Sample copies and premium list will be mailed on application to

THE CULTIVATOR PUBLISHING CO

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FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatics,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof All,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Wounds,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Stratins,	Spavin	Piles.
Cuts.	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed here. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaller needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when they come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

HOME TO THEE.

Home, but not to thee, sweet,
As so oft before;
Home, but home to thee, sweet,
Never, nevermore.

Laggard grow the feet, sweet,
Dragging wearily,
That stepped once so fleet, sweet,
Home to love and thee.

Thou'rt not there to greet, sweet,
Nor to welcome me;
I no more shall meet, sweet
Home and hear's in thee.

Home! without thy smile, sweet?
Home! without thy kiss?
Home! without thy heart, sweet?
Home! and that to miss?

Home! no, not to me, sweet,
Till there can be this—
Daylight without sun, sweet,
Heaven without bliss.

Yet—thou art at home, sweet,
Waiting still for me,
While I homeless roam, sweet—
Home eternally.

And my steps may be, sweet,
Evermore may be,
Home, still home to thee, sweet,
Home to God and thee!

—Cornhill Magazine.

DAN'S COURTSHIP.

The apple crop had failed the fall before, and therefore money was short at Orchard Farm. This was the more uncomfortable because of the recent purchase of old Silas Morrowbrook's west pasture, which adjoined Abner's wood lot, and which he had long coveted. Most of the price he had been able to pay cash down. The rest remained on mortgage until the apples should be sold. The sudden and severe frost interfered with this arrangement, ruined the fruit and left a social anomaly in Windley annals, a Keene in debt. Of course, as Silas said, they were "good" for the money many times over. Orchard Farm was one of the prettiest bits of property in the country. But the obligation weighed on their sensitive honor and finally stung Mrs. Miranda Keene into heroic action.

There were only three of them—father, mother and son. The last, Danforth, was a bright, sturdy lad with a handsome head, topped with yellow curls, and eyes as blue as his grandmother's best tea set. He could lift his gentle little mother to the ceiling without taxing his mighty muscles. He had even attempted to lift the old gray horse, much to that good animal's dismay. Life had been a joyous, boisterous affair for Dan. Books bothered him little. He looked them over, grasped what ideas were in them without effort and then turned a double somersault.

The farmhouse stood near the gate behind a group of pine trees. Miranda kept it as fresh and neat as one of her geranium blossoms. There was a big bow window full of plants in the sitting room and a piano standing near. Up stairs the beds were massive and snowy, and the carved posts shone with the polish of generations. Next to Danforth, her house was Miranda's idol. She was a slight, delicate little woman, with a face that, like a faded rose leaf, never lost its suggestion of girlish bloom. Intellectually she was far ahead of her husband, whom she usually regarded as an older boy than Dan, but even more in need of care and guidance.

She announced her plan to raise the mortgage one spring morning at the breakfast table. "We could advertise for some city people for the summer. We have boarded the teachers before, and there's plenty of room in the house. I can got Marietta Hodges to help with the cooking. I dare say we could make $300 out of it."

Abner objected. He didn't want his wife working to support him, and it was a nuisance to have strangers bothering around. Dan, on the contrary, thought the plan promised amusement, and he and his mother carried the day, as usual.

They advertised in a metropolitan paper and received several answers. One was from a young lady who desired rest and quiet. She was not well and had been overworked. Miranda liked the note. "Schoolteacher, of course," she thought and prepared her favorite room for the weary one. Miranda had a special weakness for schoolteachers. She would have been one herself if she hadn't married. She thought it the only ladylike employment for a woman. "Mirabel Heathcote" was the signature of the note, and it seemed very musical to Miranda. There were also a clergyman's family coming and two widows. Miranda's venture promised well financially.

Miss Heathcote was very much as Miranda had fancied her—slight and graceful, with large dark eyes and hair that shone in satiny bands above her broad, fair brow. She kept a great deal to herself at first. Miranda was too busy to talk with her, and she did not fraternize with the minister's family or the widows. Dan saw her swinging in her hammock as he drove past on his errands into town. One day he called out to her to come with him. She accepted listlessly, but looked in dismay at the high wagon into which she must climb. In a trice Dan lifted her over the wheel as if she were thistle down.

"Oh, my!" she exclaimed, turning about to look at him. "That's about as good as Sandow can do!"

"Oh, that's nothin!" declared Dan, whose weak point was, paradoxically, his strength. "Why, I can lift our old horse."

"Did you ever see Sandow?" asked Mirabel.

"No; who is he?"

"Why, he's the strongest man in the world, you know. He travels around and shows what he can do in the theaters."

"I ain't never been in a theayter," answered Dan soberly. "Mother never liked the idea of 'em. I'd like to see the man, though, that can lift more than I can. There wa'n't a boy at school that could begin with me'!—

Mirabel interrupted him. "Why doesn't your mother like the theaters?"

Dan tossed back his curly head and blushed. "Why, she thinks they're bad, and the actin folks are a hard lot," he explained awkwardly.

"Well, it wouldn't hurt you just to look at them," remarked Mirabel, frowning somewhat. Dan thought how very pretty she was.

"I don't know much about it myself," he answered, "but it does seem kinder bold, the things they say they do. I'd rather have the fresh air and a good horse on a hard road than the whole pack of 'em. Say, don't you want some of that pink ivy to carry home with you? Don't say anything about the theayter to mother, 'cause she's dead set against it. I don't know of anything she hates worse, 'less it's moth millers."

Mirabel received the flowers silently. The color had deepened in her cheeks in the cool morning breeze. Dan noticed it. "You're chirpin up already," he said. "I s'pose schoolteachin's wearin work. I know I'd hammer all the kids into mush if they bothered me the way we used to work it on Miss Perkins. You never know Miss Perkins, did you? I s'pose you might, bein in the same business."

"No," answered Mirabel, "I never saw her."

"Well, she didn't look much like you. She came from Four Corners, and she wore spectacles, and when she got mad her frizzes would slip around over her ear. Do you whale your boys much?"

Mirabel laughed. "No, I guess not," she answered. "But I don't see yet why you feel so toward the theater. I'm sure it would be a great deal easier to get your living by dancing and singing a little every night than it would by grubbing all day in a nasty old school."

"I dunno!" Dan shook his head disapprovingly. "A woman might just as well cut her head off among our folks as to think of such a thing. Once there was a girl called Florinda Bridges, and she wanted to go actin, and her father near broke his heart about it. It was such a disgrace to the family that they all finally broke up and moved away. I shouldn't want any of 'em related to me."

That ended the matter for the remainder of Mirabel's stay. She went driving daily with Dan, and they grew very friendly. Miranda observed it, but had no objection except the natural shrinking of a mother from giving up her boy. "I always wanted a schoolteacher in the family," she thought. "She'll do more for Dan than I could. He's a little rough yet. And, oh, if some day I should have a grandson, and he should grow up to be a minister!"

Every Sunday the Keenes and their boarders drove solemnly into town to the Presbyterian church. Mirabel pleaded a tendency to headache as a reason for staying at home. She liked the silence and loneliness when all were gone. One Sunday morning a slight accident occurred on the way into town, and Dan, leaving the others, brought back the horses and carryall for repairs. He whistled for Mirabel as he neared the house, but could not see her. So, disappointed, he drove on to the barn. It was closely shut in proper Sabbath order, but as Dan started to push aside the heavy doors an unusual sound surprised him. It was a woman's voice, singing a gay, rhythmic tune, and, accompanying it, a clashing as of little silver bells.

Dan thought he recognized the voice. He left the doors and made his way quietly by some side stairs to the loft. Forgetful of his Sunday clothes, he threw himself upon the hay and looked down. In the center of the floor stood Mirabel, dressed in fantastic fashion, with a short red skirt, a little black jacket, fringed with coins, a little spangled cap, and in her hand a round thing, gay with streamers and bells. Her neck and arms were bare and beautiful. She was singing now in a low, monotonous tone, swaying softly to and fro. Then the melody grew gayer. The nimble feet could hardly follow the rapid notes. Faster and faster went song and step. At last, with a final crash of the bells, the singer stopped, and sweeping a low bow to the cornorib sank down on a heap of hay.

Dan, entranced, did not move. Some calico garments were lying near her. She picked these up, and after a few moments of energetic fanning put them on over her other costume. She took off her cap and let down her dark hair in a wild, wavy cloud about her pretty head. The gilded slippers were kicked off and replaced by coarse black ones. "Ya hah!" rang out a nearly negro laugh, and with a bound the transformed Topsy began a hoedown which outdid the performance of any plantation belle. Patter, patter, patter clicked her feet on the floor. Dan could hardly help laughing outright, and when she stopped suddenly, threw back her head and burst into her "Ya hah hah!" again he forgot all caution and joined in in hearty boyish glee.

At the first sound of his voice Mirabel stood still and silent. "Oh, it's only me," Dan called out to her, swinging himself down from the loft. "You needn't be scared. Gosh, how you can dance!" Without knowing exactly why, he took her hand. It was the first woman's hand he had ever held in that way. His cheeks reddened, and he was conscious of perfumed hair and a white arm near enough to kiss. Mirabel looked up at him, half laughing, half afraid.

"Whoa, there! whoa, I tell you! Where can the boy hev got to, leavin the horses standin here like this?" It was Father Keene's voice at the barn door, and in the distance screamed the minister's children, running down the yard.

"Good Lord!" whispered Dan, dropping Mirabel's hand, "it's the folks come home from church, and I clean forgot about 'em. How in thunder did they get here?"

Mirabel caught his sleeve. "Oh, what shall I do? They mustn't see me like this. They'd think I was crazy. You must hide me somewhere, quick!" Dan looked blankly at her, then around the barn. "There ain't any place but the hayloft," he said.

"Well, take me there," answered Mirabel, sweeping various garments into a hasty bundle. Dan caught her up in his arms and sprang for the ladder. Just as the barn door slid open they dropped behind the ridge of the hay.

Farmer Keene led in the horses, followed by his three children. "It's mighty queer, if he was saying—"tarnation queer! Dan's always been such a steady, regular chap. I never knowed him to leave the horses alone before."

The children rummaged around the grain bins. Suddenly the youngest cried out: "Oh, see here! See here, quick!"

Mirabel peered cautiously over the hay. "Oh, Dan," she whispered, "I dropped my cap, and they have found it!"

Farmer Keene turned to the children in great excitement. "It's the gypsies, that's what it is," he exclaimed, holding up the cap on his finger. "Shameful critters with their gewgaws that they be! Let's go right in and show it to mother."

"My, but we're in a fix!" observed Dan to Mirabel as the others hurried off to the house. She propped her chin in her hand dubiously.

"You must go right in, that's clear, and then, while they're all at dinner, I'll slip around by the back way, and I'll say I've been down in the birch woods asleep when I come down stairs."

"But what am I goin to tell them?" asked Dan, who had never lied in his life.

"Why, you drove home awfully slow, and then"—

"But I didn't," objected Dan.

"Oh, you goose! Say you did anyhow, and then say you saw some boys stealing melons down in the patch and left the house to see if you couldn't catch them. You go around back of the barn and come out toward the house, as if you'd come from the melons. You can say the boys gave you a dreadful chase. How's that for an explanation?"

"It's an awful lie," replied Dan frankly. "But there's the cap!"

"Neither of us knows anything about it," answered Mirabel quickly. "Now go." An hour later the young woman swept into the dining room, serene and dainty, with profuse apologies for her tardiness and great surprise at the wonderful news of the gypsies and the lost cap.

And now a new era opened for Dan. Wherever he went there floated before him the vision of a beautiful woman dancing and the sound of silver bells. It was a kind of trance, only relieved by Mirabel's actual presence in another guise. She discouraged all allusion to the barn scene. "It was an odd mood of mine, you know, and I felt as if I must express it. I knew how shocked you'd all be if you found me dancing on Sunday, and so meant to have it out with myself before you came home from church. Only you caught me."

Miranda was very much puzzled by the whole occurrence. She knew at once Dan was not telling the truth. He was too much of a novice in lying to do it well. That there had been some woman in the barn, and that Dan had seen her, she guessed directly. Moreover, she knew it was no ordinary gypsy. The cap was too fine a bit of millinery for such strolling tramps. She had intended to lock up the cap and examine it at her leisure, but on Sunday afternoon it disappeared as mysteriously as it had come. Miranda knew that Dan had taken it and at once divined that he was still in communication with the owner. She bore her maternal anxiety as well as she could for some time, but finally, driven desperate by Dan's absent-minded ways and changed expression, she decided to confide her worry to Miss Heathcote. She found Mirabel alone in her hammock one morning and told her her trouble. The boarder's hair was banded smoothly over the brow, and her face had the color of a Madonna.

"Of course you're young and inexperienced," said Miranda, finishing her confidence, "and you wouldn't notice things so much as a mother anyhow, but I know that boy's jest crazy about some woman, and I want to know who it is and how long it's been going on. He never kept a thing from me before. I thought perhaps you could find out about it for me when you're out driving sometimes. I know he thought a great deal of you, and sometimes a stranger can do more than own folks in such things."

"I'll try to help you," answered Mirabel, "but I've hardly seen him alone since the cap was found."

"That wasn't any gypsy woman," continued Miranda. "You didn't see any one, of course, 'cause you were asleep down in the birches. I tell you who I think it was. There's a boarding house over by the ponds where they take in low theatrical folks sometimes, and I think it was some of them wandering over this way. They're often asked to come here, but I wouldn't have one of 'em in my house any more'n I'd have a nest of adders."

Mirabel looked frankly into Mrs. Keene's face. "I believe you are right," she said. "It must have been some such person. I saw nobody about the house, but they might readily have come while I was away. I'll do the best I can for you, for you've been good to me. Don't worry. The boy will get over it. They all do. As soon as he finds out what low theatrical folks are he won't care any more for them. He's been too well brought up."

"Oh, yes," answered Miranda hopefully. "I know that Dan has the instinct of a true gentleman if he is my son, and he'd soon see their real nature through their outside finery."

The next day the household was startled by Miss Heathcote's sudden call to the bedside of a sick relative in Boston. Dan brought her the letter in the morning mail. She read it through quietly and then went at once to Miranda.

"We'll all miss you dreadfully, and I don't know what Dan'll do," said Dan's mother. "I relied on you to help him bear his trial about that actress woman, and I sorter hoped it would come out right again for you two in the end, but of course sickness is sickness, and you must go. You'll come back and see us as soon's you can, won't you?"

The minister went down to Boston on the same train with Mirabel, and so Dan had no chance to speak with her alone. He fancied she avoided him, but her manner was as gentle as ever, and he could not be sure. She promised to write as soon as she reached the city, but no word came. Dan stood it for a week and then determined to follow her, to find out what was the matter. Miranda encouraged him, glad to see another interest supplanting his infatuation with the "gypsy woman."

He found the address Mirabel had given them a mistake. There was no such number on the street. That night, tired and disheartened, he wandered into a summer opera hall, but his environment proved no diversion. The noise and glare, the silly people and their folly, all disgusted him. He thought of his mother, of Mirabel, with her white gowns and lovely hair. Call that dancing! Ah, they should see her dance in the old barn!

He was sitting, lost in the memory of her, recalling every tone and movement, the waving of white arms and the tinkle of the silver bells. A burst of enthusiastic clapping startled him. With a cry he jumped from his chair. There before him on the stage she stood, the little cap with its dangling coins, the gilded slippers, the old, fantastic dress—his dearest dream come too fatally true.

The usher touched Dan on the arm. "Sit down and be quiet, please," he said, "or you'll have to get out." Dan heard only the last words. He grasped his hat, and without a glance rushed down the aisle and out into the night.—Boston Traveller.

Crack Nut Sunday.

Until a recent period the congregation at the Kingston-on-Thames parish church used to crack nuts during the performance of divine service on the Sunday next before the eve of St. Michael's day. The custom was thought to have had some original connection with the choosing of the bailiffs and other members of the corporate body on Michaelmas day, and with the usual civic feast attending that proceeding. The day was known as Crack Nut Sunday, and the custom was not restricted to the junior branches of the congregation, but was practiced alike by young and old. In fact, the cracking noise was often so powerful that the minister was obliged to suspend his reading or discourse until greater quietness was obtained.

The odd custom, however, was not peculiar to Kingston, for Goldsmith makes his vicar of Wakefield say of his parishioners, "They kept up the Christmas carol, sent true love knots on Valentine morning, ate pancakes at Shrovetide, showed their wit on the 1st of April and religiously cracked nuts on Michaelmas eve."—London Globe.

Good Paying Stories.

"There's no money in literature," said the man who had become discouraged. "I know a man who is getting rich out of stories."

"A publisher?"

"No. He built a big apartment house. It has 12 stories, and every one brings him in at least $300 a month."—Washington Star.

HYPHENATED NAMES.

Some Are Genuine, Others Simply Stand For Snobbery—How to Distinguish.

Hyphenated names in Europe may be divided into two categories—namely, those wherein the hyphen is a mere piece of snobbery and affectation, and those wherein it is consequent upon a legal obligation. The latter are in the minority and are borne almost invariably by legatees and their descendants, who have inherited property, usually real estate, contingent upon their tacking the name of the testator on to their own, or else they are men who have married heiresses and been accepted as husbands for the latter on the condition that they should append the family name of their wives to their own patronymic.

People in the other category, who use the hyphen merely with the object of creating the impression that they are of more ancient lineage than is really the case, invariably prefix, instead of appending, the additional name, and it is this that enables one to distinguish the "bona fide double barrel," as Lord Randolph Churchill used to call them, from those who are not, for you have only to ask Mr. Ponsonby-Jones for the name of his paternal grandfather in order to find out that the old gentleman was a simple Jones, devoid of the aristocratic Ponsonby, whereas in the case of surnames adopted in deference to testamentary dispositions one will invariably find on inquiry that the paternal grandfather and ancestors bore the first of the two patronymics.

The persons who make use of hyphenated names without being compelled to do so are usually the owners of patronymics excruciatingly plebeian, who hope, vainly, it is true, to redeem the commonplace character of their name by prefixing thereto one calculated, they trust, to create the impression that they are connected with some of the great houses of the nobility. Thus it is quite common to find Montmorency-Smiths, Plantagenet-Robinsons and Vere de Vere-Browns.—Chicago Tribune.

RUMSEY'S STEAMBOAT.

Records Which Show That It Antedated Fulton's Product by Twenty-two Years.

The records of Jefferson county, W. Va., prove what is not generally known—that Robert Fulton was not the first man to build a steamboat in this country. He was anticipated over 22 years by James Rumsey of Charleston, Va., now West Virginia. Rumsey's steamboat was partly constructed in Frederick county, Md., in 1785. It was fitted up with machinery partly manufactured at a furnace called "The Cocootin Furnace," owned by Johnson Brothers, and located near the town of Frederick.

The two cylinders, the boiler, pumps, pipes, etc., were built in Baltimore. Part of the work was done at the old Antietam Iron works. Rumsey's boat was 80 feet in length, and it was propelled by an engine which worked a vertical pump placed in the center of the vessel. The water was drawn in at the bow and forced out at the stern through a horizontal pipe. The entire weight of the machinery was 665 pounds, and the tonnage of the vessel was three tons. The entire machinery, including the boiler, etc., took up a space of very little over 4 feet square.

The first public experiment took place on the Potomac river on March 14, 1786, when the boat showed a speed of four miles an hour up stream. The records of Jefferson county also show that George Washington and Governor Thomas Johnson of Maryland were among the patrons of Rumsey, and that the experiment was made in the interest of the then proposed Chesapeake and Ohio canal.—New York World.

Bravery Appreciated.

Miss Fannie Nesbitt, night operator at the Union Pacific station in North Topeka, has been presented with a gold medal by her fellow operators on the road for the heroism she displayed at Bonner Springs last fall, when a robber attempted to raid her office. Miss Nesbitt fought the robber off with a revolver and saved express packages containing $1,200 in cash.

Gilbert Parker recently encountered a Canadian bishop whom he had known in boyhood. The bishop pompously inquired: "Ah, Gilbert, and are you still writing your—ah—little books?" Mr. Parker answered promptly: "Yes, bishop. And you are still preaching—ah—your little sermons?"

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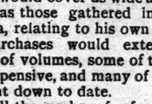

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ONEIDA, Saturday, Aug. 3
CROATAN, Saturday, Aug. 10
Wilmington for New York.
CROATAN. Saturday, Aug. 3
ONEIDA, Saturday, Aug. 10
Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
CROATAN, Tuesday, July 30
ONEIDA, Tuesday, Aug. 6

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SAVINGS DEPOSITORS of New England.

STATE.	Total Savings Deposits.	No. of Depositors.	Average Amount to Each Depositor.
Vermont	$23,636,516	99,239	$303 20
Maine	47,781,166	140,521	340 02
N. Hompshire	65,727,019	159,783	411 35
Connecticut	119,406,675	305,961	390 47
Massachusetts	369,536,385	1,181,208	326 67
New York	674,659,972	1,477,819	388 20

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july 10 tf Manager.

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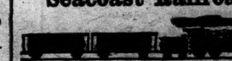


Schedule in Effect June 1, 1895.

Trains leave Princess street Station at 6.30 a. m. 10 a. m., 3.00, 6.30 and 7.15 p. m.
Trains leave Ocean View at 7.00 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4.00, 6.10 and 9.30 p. m.
Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 10 a. m., and 3 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 12 m and 5 p. m. June 1 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, June 9, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

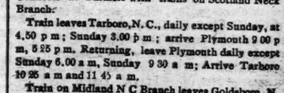
NORTH BOUND.		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND.	
6	8		⊕5	7
A M	P M	—Wilmington—	P M	P M
7 00	1 55	Lv... Mulberry street ..Ar	7 00	12 25
7 15		Lv.... Surry street....Ar	6 50	A M
10 45	4 47	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	4 30	10 43
11 25	5 30	Lv.. Maysville.....Lv	3 30	10 09
11 45	6 85	Lv.. Folkestville.....Lv	3 00	9 85
12 25	6 10	Ar.. Newbern Lv	2 20	9 20
	6 57	Ar— Morehead City— Lv		8 07
P M	P M		P M	

Trains 6 and 7 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9.30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.
J. W. MARTANIS,
Traffic Manager. June 9 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule in Effect July 5, 1896.

Departure from Wilmington—Northbound.

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 3.48 p m, Weldon 5.39 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.33 p m, Boston 3.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkin 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville †7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.58 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.12 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, †Norfolk 9.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 6.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leave Tarboro 4 40 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. - Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 31, 1895

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Dull and Lower—Corn and Oats the Same—Pork Products Also the Same.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 30.—For some time past the wheat bulls have been pointing to the steadiness of Liverpool when our prices were declining. This morning circumstances were reversed, yesterday's advance in American markets meeting with a negative response from across the water. Holders were further discouraged by a slight improvement in the winter wheat movement to-day. Prices had, therefore, to contend with adverse conditions at the opening this morning, about 1c being taken from yesterday's closing quotations at the beginning of the session, and offerings being heavy enough to force a further decline within a very short time, without any decided reaction. September wheat opened at 71⅜c to 71¼c, sold to 71⅛, closing at 71@71¼c—1⅛@1¼c lower than yesterday. Cash wheat was fairly steady, sales averaging from ¼c lower to unchanged, with the nominal close easy.

The corn market closed fairly steady for no particular reason other than the desire of a few shorts to take profits. Wheat certainly communicated no strength, nor did the crop prospects. September corn opened at 43c, sold down to 42⅜c, rallied and closed at 43c, ⅛c under yesterday. Cash corn was steady to ¼c per bushel lower.

Oats—No notable change for better or worse occurred in oats. The business was devoid of interest and no new feature was developed. The tone and feeling of corn guided the movement throughout the session. At the close September oats were a shade under yesterday, a recovery from inside quotations having taken place Cash oats were weak, early and steady later.

Provisions—Pork, lard and ribs were all lower to-day. This was due to the decline in wheat and to the cheaper prices, at which hogs were selling. George Phillips estimated the stocks of provisions in Chicago as follows: Pork 13,000 barrels, lard 100,000 tierces, ribs 40,000,000 pounds. These figures did not help prices any. At the close September pork was 42½c lower than yesterday, September lard 10c and September ribs 12½@15c lower.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The *Sun* says: Cotton advanced 1 point. Later on some months were a pointlower, closing generally unchanged for the day and quiet, with sales of 39,200 bales. Liverpool was quiet and unchanged on the spot, with sales of 7,000 bales. Futures dropped ½ to 1d; near months recovered ½c point, closing quiet and steady. In Manchester yarns were weak and cloths quiet. New New Orleans declined one point and recovered this. Considerable changing here from August to October and later months. "Short notices" were offered at one point under the regulars. Port receipts were 706 bales, against 566 this day last week and 836 last year. Spot cotton here was unchanged, with sales of 2,096 for spinning. New Orleans sold 1,300 on the spot at unchanged prices. Sterling exchange was higher. Southern spot markets generally quiet and unchanged.

To-day's features: The day amounted to practically no day at all in the cotton speculation. The transactions were extremely small and the fluctuation so slight as to be hardly discernible. Everybody is waiting for something new to transpire in regard to the crop—waiting in some cases for the weekly Government report. Just now the speculation is very light, Manchester is depressed, Liverpool is dull and easy, and in a word there is no encouraging news in particular from any source, though many believe that the crop is backward and that it is really going to be very much smaller than that of last year. At the same time it is recognized that until there is another infusion of stimulating news of some sort, the market is likely to be quiet and prices may gradually drift to a lower level.

A TEMPORARY TRUCE

Patched Up Between Rival Steamship Lines.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, July 30.—A temporary truce has been patched up between the Merchants' and Miners' Transportation Company, whose steamers ply between Baltimore and Savannah and Baltimore and Boston and the Ocean Steamship Company, which operates steamers between New York, Philadelphia and Savannah, and a serious disruption in the Southern freight rate situation has been avoided for the time being. Both companies have withdrawn the reduced rates announced yesterday and will not renew the fight, pending the adjustment of matters having an indirect bearing on the present disputes. This action was taken at the request of the Southern Railway Company. Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Seaboard Air Line, Atlantic Coast Line and other roads that would have become involved.

A conference will be held at New York this evening but it is doubtful if anything will be accomplished, as representatives of the lines concerned will be unable to attend.

BAR IRON.

The Price Advanced Two Dollars Per Ton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DETROIT, MICH., July 30.—The Merchants' Bar Iron Association, composed representatives of twenty-two firms west of Pittsburg, met at the Hotel Cadillac to-day and held a secret session. The meeting was harmonious, and it was agreed that some arrangement should be made for increasing the price of iron. Accordingly the price was advanced two dollars per ton. This was the only business transacted. The action will go into immediate effect.

CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS.

Talk of Transferring the Fight to Mexico.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, July 30.—The railroad officials in this city have been asked to submit rates of transportation to Laredo and Eagle Pass, in case it is decided to transfer the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight to Mexico. This action is regarded as a bluff, however, as it is practically conceded by nearly everybody conversant with the situation that the fight will take place at Dallas on the date selected.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Spirits turpentine dull and easy at 27½@28c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 55@1 57½.

CHARLESTON, July 30.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24¾c; receipts 59 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 15@1 25; receipts 889 barrels.

SAVANNAH, July 30.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25c; good demand for all offerings; receipts 1,245 casks. Rosin quiet; no demand; quotations unchanged.

A RACE RIOT.

A BLOODY BATTLE AT A MINING CAMP.

Two Deputy Sheriffs Killed and Half a Dozen Negroes Shot.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—A special from Birmingham, Ala., says: Brookside, a mining camp twenty miles west of here, was the scene of a bloody race riot to-night. Two deputy sheriffs are known to have been killed, and it is said that half a dozen negroes were shot, four or five fatally. The town is in a state of panic, and the telegraph operator, the only source of information, is locked in his office, too frightened to go outside to obtain more details.

At 10 o'clock messages were received by Sheriff Morrow and Chief of Police McDonald for all the available officers they could send. An hour later a car load of deputies were en route to the scene of the trouble. To-day Mine Boss Culverhouse, of the Sloss Iron and Steel Company, discharged a negro driver named Jim Biggers. Biggers remained about the place making threats. He refused to leave the company's premises and a warrant was sworn out for his arrest for trespassing, and to-night Deputy Sheriff A. S. Wood and Special Deputy Joel Baxter went to arrest Biggers. As they approached Biggers fired upon them with a Colt's rifle. A bullet passed through Wood's head and another through his heart, killing him instantly. Baxter was mortally wounded, but was able to get back to the camp and give the alarm. The white miners at once organized and went to arrest Biggers. The latter meanwhile had called in a number of his negro friends, and when the two parties met a pitched battle resulted. Over 100 shots were fired, the negroes finally going to the woods.

MARYLAND DEMOCRATS.

The State Convention to Meet To-day—Senator Gorman Keeping Everybody in Suspense as to the Nomination For Governor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, July 30.—Senator Gorman is keeping everybody in suspense. A great crowd of politicians and their friends thronged the corridors and committee rooms of the Carrollton Hotel throughout the day and night discussing the situation and waiting for Mr. Gorman to indicate his favorite for Governor, but up to a late hour the word had not been passed down the line.

Within twelve hours the Democratic State Convention will have been called to order, and no one but Gorman seems to know whether the nominee will be Hayes, or Jones, or Smith, or Hurst, or Fisher, or some one else. It is estimated that at least 75 of the 117 delegates will do Senator Gorman's bidding, and many of them openly assert that they are only waiting for instructions. Whoever the Gorman candidate may be they will vote for him when the time comes. The man who holds the destinies of the Convention in his hand spent the day at the hotel, but maintained his placid silence, and no one could get a word out of him to indicate what he intends to do to-morrow. The local leaders who usually claim the right to be let in on the inside finally gave up the solution of the problem in despair. One of the astute politicians summed up the situation thus; "Senator Gorman will naturally want to put off the inevitable as long as possible. The committee may, therefore, organize and hold one and possibly two sessions, allowing considerable interchange of opinion among the delegates before Mr. Gorman lets it be known definitely who is his choice for the first place on the ticket.

"His reasons for this will be the hope that some sort of a compromise, for which he is always anxious, may be reached as between Hayes, the champion of a drastic reassessment law and the present leader in the contest, and Jones, who is known as a Gorman man. Either of these candidates might be beaten on election day. Jones would be knifed by all Cleveland Democrats, and Hayes would be cut by the wealthy Baltimoreans who are bitterly opposed to an inquisitorial law for the taxation of intangible property. Hayes could be nominated on the first ballot if Gorman would keep his hands off, but Hayes is too independent and uncertain for both Gorman and Rasin.

"The Senator will hardly dare nominate State Treasurer Jones, for, as I have said, he would be bitterly opposed by all anti-Gormanites. Who will receive the nomination no one but Gorman can tell, but he will try to give the deliberations of the convention a "will of the people" appearance and therefore the nomination may not be made until late to-morrow night.

The convention will meet to-morrow at noon at Harris Academy of Music.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Movements of the United States Cruiser Atlanta—Important Tests to be Made at Indian Head Naval Proving Grounds.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The cruiser Atlanta returned to Key West yesterday from another search after Cuban filibustering expeditions. A telegram announcing her return received at the Navy Department to-day was the first information vouchsafed to the public by the Navy Department officials that she has been away from Key West, It cannot be learned what results, if any, were achieved by the vessel as everything connected with her movements is kept in close secret by the few naval officials who are informed on the matter.

It is learned at the State Department, with reference to the report that the recent trip of the Atlanta was for the purpose of preventing the Spanish soldiers from lynching Sanguilly, Aguirris and Gomez, alleged revolutionists, who claim to be American citizens, that no information that these men were in danger had come to the Department from any United States consular officer, and that all the Department knew of the alleged threatened lynching was contained in newspaper reports.

The ballistic test of a turret, representing those to be used on the battleships Massachusetts, Indiana and Oregon, will be made at the naval proving grounds (Indian Head, Md.) in the near future. The turret was built by the Cramps, of Philadelphia, and will be put together at the Norfolk navy yard. The plates arrived at the Washington Ordnance foundry to-day from Philadelphia. The test will be very severe. The attack will first be made with a six-inch gun, and will be continued until the largest sized gun—a thirteen-inch bore—is reached. A test will also be made of a plated structure, representing the side of a ship. The Ordnance Bureau expects to obtain much valuable information from the test and the experiments are looked for with much interest.

From Osaka and Hioga, Japan, comes the report that in the week ended July 6th there were 104 new cases of cholera, with seventy-nine deaths.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

STAMP COUNTERFEITERS

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY AT BUFFALO, N. Y.

A Valise Found Containing 28,000 Counterfeit Stamps—The Last Link in the Chain of Evidence Against Mrs. Mack and the Chicago Gang.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 30.—The last link in the chain of evidence that for months the United States Secret Service has been binding about Mrs. Mary T. McMillan, alias Mrs. Mack, the notorious stamp counterfeiter who is now in the Erie county jail, was formed last Saturday in Postmaster Baker's private office, where a satchel belonging to the woman was opened and found to contain 28,000 counterfeit stamps excellently made and done up in five original packages.

For two months secret service men have been searching Buffalo for the valise, and its finding was one of the cleverest pieces of detective work done in Buffalo for years. With nothing but the fact that Mrs. Mack visited the American Express office with a grip early in the Spring to work upon, the officers, after two months' work, discovered its hiding place, and Inspector Shea of New York City now has the stamps in his possession. It was found in the terrace in the possession of a well-known Buffalonian of ill repute, who may prove to be an important member of the big counterfeiting gang.

One important development in the case is the discovery that for a time the gang arrested in Chicago and Hamilton worked in this city. They were suspected by a local deputy marshal of counterfeiting coin and he had made ready to raid them, but in some manner they learned of his plans and fled to new fields. It was a few days before her arrest in the Spring that Mrs. Mack came over from Hamilton to Buffalo and asked at the American Express office for certain packages addressed to her. She got them and putting them in a big satchel disappeared. No one saw her after that in Buffalo, and after her arrest detectives discovering from Chicago that stamps had been sent her, but were puzzled as to what she did with them. When Mrs. Mack was told that the stamps had been found, she fainted in her cell and the matron had hard work reviving her. So long as the stamps were undiscovered she could not be directly connected with the Chicago counterfeiters. Now, however, her last hope of escape has gone.

The work done by these counterfeiters was almost perfect. The only way in which the fraud could be discovered was by a careful comparison of the color of the good and bad stamps, the counterfeits being a shade too light.

PASSENGER AGENTS.

Important Meeting of the Southern Association at Chattanooga.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., July 30.—The Southern Passenger Agents' Association held an important meeting to-day on Lookout Mountain. About thirty general passenger agents were present, representing every road in the association, but the prime business of the conference, which was to fix the rates that should prevail during the Atlanta and Cotton States Exposition, was a failure owing to the absence of the invited representatives of the Northern lines. Only one agent, Charles Stone, of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois, was present from north of the Ohio river. The morning session was consumed with discussing the vexed question of Texas rates, which have been greatly disorganized for several months.

A resolution was passed reaffirming the agreement entered into at Atlanta January 10th, 1895, which article was in the nature of an edict that rates must be maintained at all hazards. Adjournment was taken till August 6th, at Chicago, when the Exposition rates will be finally fixed by agreement of the Southern with all connecting lines to the North and West. Stop-over privileges will also likely be allowed as the encampments at Knoxville and Louisville, and the dedication of the Chickamauga National Military park at Chattanooga are to be concurrent events with the opening of the Exposition.

VIOLATION OF GAME LAWS.

Heavy Fine Imposed Upon a Chicago Dealer in Game.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 30.—H. Clay Merritt was tried yesterday before Justice Pyle, at Kewanee, Ill., on a charge of violation of game laws. The prosecution, which is in charge of the State Warden, was instituted by Sportsmen's Associations. The defendant admits having in his possession 27,060 game birds. If the illegality of this is proved the minimum fine is $185,300 and the maximum $676,500. Many sportsmen were present, as well as several cold storage dealers who have establishments similar to Merritt's in Chicago and elsewhere. The decision was reserved until to-day. It was rendered this morning, finding the defendant guilty of the illegal sale of wild game. In his remarks the Court stated that the law clearly justified the decision. Merritt immediately filed notice to appeal, and his bond was fixed at $10,000.

The fines assessed against Merritt aggregate $33,600. Game Warden Blow announced that he would this week institute two more suits against Merritt, and if they prove successful Merritt will have fines to pay aggregating $110,000.

S. C. PRIMARIES.

To Select Candidates for Delegates to the State Convention.

By Telegram to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 30.—The primary election called by the Irby State executive committee to select candidates for delegates to the State Constitutional convention, which meets on September 10th, was held throughout the State to-day. The election was controlled in the different counties by local issues and agreements. In most counties the conservatives refrained from voting, and the vote was light throughout the State. The reformers will have a large majority in the convention.

TAILORS' STRIKE.

Contractors Signing the New Agreement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The backbone of the strike of the Brotherhood of Tailors is apparently broken. All day the settlement committee of the Brotherhood was busy with the contractors, signing the new agreement, which displaces the piece-work system, and in its place creates a weekly scale of wages. More than sixty contractors have signed the new agreement. These are the leading contractors of the city, and they employ from fifteen to fifty workmen each. As a result two thousand tailors will resume work to-morrow.

ANOTHER ARREST

In Connection With the Alleged Beaufort Insurance Swindle.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, July 30.—A Beaufort, N. C., special says: A warrant for another arrest in connection with the alleged graveyard insurance swindle has been issued The accused is Dr. L. W. Perkins, formerly of Morehead City, but now a practicing physician at Newport, N. C.

RALEIGH NEWS LETTER.

ILLICIT DISTILLERY IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY DESTROYED.

Tobacco Dealers Make an Assignment—Excursion from Fayetteville—The Suicide of Dr. Spruill of Rocky Mount—Marshal Carroll.

Star Correspondence.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 30.

Deputy Collector Moffit reports the destruction of an illicit distillery near Ophir, Montgomery county, belonging to Hall & Luther. The still was a fifty-gallon affair and with it there were 800 gallons of beer. No one was in the still but the fire was running at full blast in the furnace.

Mr. Sam. B. Norris, a large dry goods salesman of this city, has sold his entire stock to Williams, Hood & Company of Charlotte. The goods are being shipped to Charlotte.

Bishop Cheshire is attending the commencement exercises of the University of the South, at Sewanee, Tenn.

H. E. Smith & Co., wholesale and retail tobacco sellers, made an assignment to-day naming S. F. Mordecai as assignee. Mr. Smith is City Clerk and quite a popular young man. The firm dealt in all kinds of tobacco and cigars. Assets are estimated at $3,500.

It is reported that Mr. St. John, Vice-president of the Seaboard, has answered Mr. Spencer's letter. No one has seen it, so far as can be learned.

An excursion of ten cars arrived here from Fayetteville to-day. It is raining and they are having a rather bad day of it. The Wilmington excursionists were very orderly. They seemed to enjoy themselves very much. The Mutuals were defeated by the Oak Citys in a game of ball at the Park.

Maj. Hays, of the U. S. A., who was in the far West for many years, and who was engaged with the Bannocks at different times, states that there is no fight in them. He says the present difficulty is a "by blow."

The brother of Dr. Spruill, who shot himself near Rocky Mount when he learned warrants were out for him for assaulting a neighbor's wife, says the reports sent out, and especially one published in an afternoon paper here, is false and misleading. He says Dr. Spruill was the family physician of Mr. York and had been practicing in his family for several years. He says Mrs. York, who it is alleged was assaulted, was very intimate with Dr. Spruill's family, visiting them several times a week. When Mrs. York first told her husband that she was assaulted, she said it occurred two years ago. This, it is said, is not denied. Mr. York wrote Dr. Spruill a note, and later agreed to let the matter rest with those four who knew of it. Dr. Spruill was returning from a visit to a patient when encountered by the sheriff. The sheriff told him he disliked to read the warrant. After reading it Dr. Spruill said he would have to see his friends to stand his bond. Turning around with his buggy, he remarked that he had more trouble than any one else, and shot himself. It is not denied that Dr. Spruill had been intimate with Mrs York. Mr. York is a farmer. These are the statements made by Dr. Spruill's brother.

Mr. Gausby, of the Western U. S. Marshal's District, over which Mr. Allison presides, arrived in the city to-day to assist Marshal Carroll in changing his office from a second to a high grade office.

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKET.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Apples in moderate receipt; choice firm and selling better. Pears quiet. Peaches plentiful, of irregular quality, but fairly steady for fine. Grapes and huckleberries quiet and weak. Watermelons in large supply and weaker. Muskmelons slow unless choice. Potatoes firmer. Egg plant and onions weak. Tomatoes in better demand. Huckleberries, quart, 4 to 7c. Apples, crate, 25 to 50c. Pears—LeConte, barrel, 75c to $1 50; do Bartlett, crate, 50 to 60c. Grapes—Georgia, basket, 20 to 30c; do South Carolina, pound, 6 to 15c; do case $1 25 to 1 50; do North Carolina, pound, 7 to 8c. Peaches, carrier, 75c to $1 75; do basket 35c to $1 00; do crate 75c to $1 00. Watermelons, hundred, $7 00 to 16 00. Muskmelons, barrel, 75c to $2 50; do basket 25c to $1 25. Plums—Delaware, botan, basket, 20 to 25c. Egg plant, barrel, $1 00 to 1 75. Onions, Virginia, potato barrel, $1 00 to 1 50; do basket 35 to 60c. Potatoes, rose, $1 00 to 1 50; do sweets $3 50 to 4 00. Tomatoes—Maryland, carrier, 40 to 65c; do Norfolk 30 to 60c.

BASE BALL.

The Record of the Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Boston — Boston-Baltimore game postponed—rain.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia 10; Brooklyn 5.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg 8; Chicago 2.

Washington—Washington 5; New York 17.

Richmond—Richmond 7; Roanoke 2.

Lynchburg—Lynchburg 6; Petersburg 5.

Louisville—Louisville 18; St. Louis 2.

New Orleans—New Orleans 4; Evansville 5.

Mobile—Mobile 2; Nashville 6.

Montgomery—Montgomery 12; Atlanta 12. Game called on account of darkness.

Norfolk—Norfolk 8; Portsmouth 9.

BOY MURDERED

Near Mt. Holly, S. C.—A Posse in Search of the Murderer.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 30.—A special from Summerville, S. C., to the *News and Courier*, says: Rumors are current here this evening of a white boy having been foully murdered by a negro near Mount Holly. The boy's clothes, which were found in the possession of his suspected murderer, have been brought here. Searching parties are out trying to find the boy's body and capture the alleged murderer, who, it is stated, has taken to the swamps.

WARM WIRELETS.

The New York Republican State committee voted yesterday to hold the State convention at Saratoga on September 17th.

Jim Hall has sent to "Honest John" Kelly $2,500, his part of the stake proposed to be fought for by Joe Choynski and Hall. Hall thinks the mill will be pulled off at Dallas.

Yellow fever is making largely increased ravages among the people of Cuba. The medical inspector at Havana states that in the week ended July 25th there were seventy new cases in that city and twenty-three deaths.

When Travelling,

whether on pleasure bent or business take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cents and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig SyrupC o. only.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Mechanics' Home Association Stock. A small number of shares in the tenth series still left. Can be had if applied for th's week to W. M. Cumming, Secretary and Treasurer. jy 31 2w

Salesman Wanted to sell the Rapid Dish Washer to the wholesale and retail trade. Washes and dries the dishes in two minutes without wetting the fingers. $75 a week and all expenses. Easy position; no hard work; can make $100 a week. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. jy 30 tf

Pears, five barrels Nice Pears just received. Also Watermelons and Apples. Neill McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c21

$5.00 annual membership in Y. M. C. A. Baths, Gymnasium, Library, Lectures, School. But it must be spot cash. Reduced from $8.00 only to October. jy 23 1m

For Rent—No. 308 South Front street, at present occupied by Mr. James Sprunt. F. A. Lord, Agent. july 18 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

A new drink. Trilby Cocktails at the French Cafe. Also all kinds Liquors, Cigars and fancy drinks served. A. P. Levy, Proprietor.

Photographs.—U. C. Ellis, at No. 114 Market street, for the latest style, best quality, finest finished and lowest-priced Photographs—$1.00 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS. c21

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store, 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

Certainly she need Shoes to complete her costume. It is a large want and to meet the case fully the Shoes should be selected from our stock. Our stock of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Oxfords contains all the latest styles. Our LOW PRICES will astonish you. Don't buy until you have seen our $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 Oxfords. If you will give us a call you will find that for latest styles and low prices we cap the climax.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
jy 28 tf

SPECIAL SALE!

SATURDAYS ONLY.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

BROOKLYN CASH STORE.

Men's and Boy's Undershirts 13½c each.
Men's and Boy's Overshirts 13½c each.
Ladies' 10c Vests 4c each.
Men's regular made Suspenders 7c each.
15c fast black Socks and Stockings 10c per pair.
50c Corsets, Saturdays only, 38c each.
12½c Zephyr Ginghams, pretty styles, 5c per yard.
19½c figured Lawn, 32-inch wide, 8c per yard.
Bleaching and Unbleaching only 5c per yard.
7c Unbleaching, Saturdays only, 5c per yard.
10c linen finish Handkerchiefs 5c.
38c Negligee Shirts 25c each.
$1.25 Negligee Shirts 88c each.
25c all Silk Neckties only 13c each.
10c Ribbon, all colors, 5c per yard.
Yard wide Sea Island Cotton 4c per yard.
32-inch Turky Red Table Cloth 18c per yard.
5c Toilet Soap 2c per cake.
8c White Lawn, Saturdays only, 5c per yard.
Pins, Saturdays only, 1c per paper.
$1.50 Men's Tan Lace Shoes $1.19 per pair.
$1.50 Men's Low Shoes $1.19 per pair.
Men's $2.00 Calf Shoes $1.50 per pair.
Ladies' Opera Slippers 39c per pair.
Men's and Boy's 50c rub. bot. Shoes 35c per pair.
Ladies' $1.25 Com. Sense and Tip Slippers 98c.
Ladies' and Children's $1.25 Pat. Leather Sandals 89c, and lots of other bargains.
Remember, Saturdays only.
Do not wait too long, as lots of these bargains cannot be duplicated.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,
Next to Fourth St. Bridge.
Car fare paid on all purchases over $2.00.
Phone 118. july 27 tf

Turnip Seed, Fall Crop.

Just arrived.

Low Prices. Large Stock.

Robert R. Bellamy & Co.

Wholesale and Retail

Druggists

N. E. Cor. Front & Market sts.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Write for quotations.
may 7 3m

SACRIFICES

IN THE

Different Departments

—AT—

Katz & Polvogt,

Prior to Their

Removal

—TO—

No. 9 Front St.

JUST THINK!

You Can Buy a

Dollar's Worth of Goods

For 75 Cents.

MANY ITEMS MARKED AT

HALF VALUE.

THE STOCK MUST GO.

KATZ & POLVOGT.
july 28 tf

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties,

August and September

DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.

Wholesale Grocers.
july 27 tf

What's the Matter With the Sterling?

"SHE'S ALL RIGHT." FIRST IN ONE-quarter mile 36 seconds race; first in one-half mile 1.08; first in three-quarter mile race at Ocean View races yesterday evening. Buy one and be satisfied. It will always carry you to VICTORY. Fastest on earth, built like a watch and never needs repairs.

M. P. TAYLOR, JR., Agent,
26 North Front street.

Tribune, Stormer, Lovell, Diamond, Dianas. First class repair shop. Wheels for rent. jy 27 tf

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FROM

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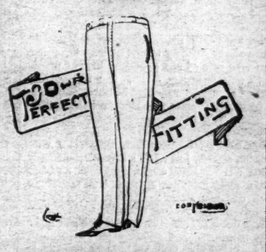

$3.00 PANTS.

We guarantee a fit in all Clothing made to order, and we are now ready to solicit Fall orders for Suits from $12.50 up. Call and see sample. All Wool Sweaters from $1.50 to $3 50. Bath Suits $1.00. Bicycle Racing Suits $1.00. Sporting goods a specialty.

C. E. GORDON,

Northeast Cor. Front and Market St,
July 13 tf

Women Watch for the

Items that suit you best and prices that you think are cheap. This is our moving price and means all cash.

Check homespun 23 inches wide 3½c a yard; Check homespun, 32 inches wide at 4½ and 5c; heavy white home-spun ⅝ yards at 4c; Rockingham AA, 1 yard wide 4½c; Rockingham A, the heaviest homespun, at 5c; Bleaching, 1 yard, 4½c, better at 5 and 6c. Andrascroggin bleaching at 7c, one yard wide.

Fruit of the Loom, one yard wide, 8c. fine line of heavy dress Ginghams at 5c. Apron checks, all colors, at 5c; with borders, fine goods, 42 inches wide, at 8c. White Lawn at 4 to 18c. 41-inches wide fine white and black, nicely embroidered Shirt Flouncing at 25c, regular price 69c. White Skirt Lace, 42-inches, beautiful goods, 29c, worth 60c. Decorated muslin, worth 10 and 12½c, now going at 8c. Crinkle Crepon in Cream, with blue-black finish, stripe through it, long goods, at 6½c, worth 10c. White Marseilles, beautiful goods, worth 35c, our price 18c. Shirt Waists—Silk finish, Cream, Blue, Black, Red, and Figured, 18 inches wide, at 35c per yard. Dress Lining and Stiffening of all kinds. Spool cotton basting thread at 1c a spool; Dragon at 2c; Coats' thread, all colors and numbers, at 4c a spool. In Hosiery we have children's black hose, Nos. 4½, 5, 6 and 7, for 5c a pair; larger sizes at 10c a pair. This is a special price. Ladies' long leg, London shape Hose, seamless, at 10c a pair, or 3 pair for 25c.

We are on Front street opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop.
of Wilmington's big Racket Store.
july 28 tf

MINERAL WATERS

ON DRAUGHT,

And by the Bottle or Gallon.

Harriss Lithia Water.

Barium Springs Water.
Panacea Springs Water.
Poland Springs Water.
Fonticello Lithia Water.

Bottled Waters.

Villacabras—Saratoga, Vichy.
Thompson's Bromide Arsenic.
Apollinaris—Carlsbad Sprudel.
Hunyadi Janos.
Hunyadi Matjas.
Rubinat Condal—Londonderry Lithia; Congress; Bethesda; Hathorn and others.

On Sale at

Bunting's Pharmacy

jy 21 tf Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington, N. C.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

Wilmington, N. C

Are now handling a few additional lines, such as

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

WATER COOLERS

COOK STOVES,
RANGES,
Garden Hose
Lawn Mowers.

They undoubtebly have the finest Cream Freezer and the lowest price Lawn Mowers ever brought to this market.

GOOD GOODS and SQUARE DEALING is their motto with those they sell to as well as those from whom they buy.

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Wilmington, N. C.

Schools and Colleges.

Notre Dame of Maryland,

College for Young Ladies and Preparatory School for girls. Regular and elective courses. Music and Art specialties. Conducted by School Sisters of Notre Dame. ROLAND PARK, near Baltimore, Md.
jy 21 2m* su we fri

122 and 124 W. Franklin St., BALTIMORE, MD.

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

for Young Ladies will reopen Thursday, September 19th, 33d year.
jy 30 2m* MRS. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal.
sa we

Episcopal High School,

Near Alexandria, Virginia.

L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.
THE FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR
OF THIS WELL-KNOWN SCHOOL FOR BOYS
Opens September 25th, 1895.
Illustrated Catalogue sent on application.
jy 26 3m su & we

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Gen. SCOTT SHIP, Superintendent.
july 14 19t su we fr

SALEM FEMALE ACADEMY.

The 94th Annual Session begins September 5th, 1895. Register for last year shows more than 500 persons under instruction during the year. Special features—the development of Health, Character and Intellect. Buildings thoroughly remodelled. Fully equipped Preparatory, Collegiate and Post Graduate Departments, besides first-class schools in Music, Art, Languages, Commercial and Industrial Studies.
H. CLEWELL, Principal, Salem, N. C.
july 30 1w*

NORTH CAROLINA College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

The next session of this College will begin September 5th. Examinations at county seats first Saturday in August. Young men desiring a technical education at an unusually low cost will do well to apply for catalogue to
A. Q HOLLADAY, Pres.,
july 11 tf Raleigh, N. C.

William and Mary College,

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BOARD FROM $12 TO $15 PER MONTH.
Tuition fee for half session $17.50. Medical fee $3. Students willing to teach two years in the public schools pay only the Medical fee and are charged $10 per month for board, fuel, light and washing. Full collegiate course next session begins October 3rd, 1895. Send for Catalogue.
LYON G. TYLER, M. A., LL. D.,
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PREPARATORY AND HIGH SCHOOL FOR Boys. Climate unsurpassed. Thorough instruction in all departments. Students prepared for entrance to or advanced standing in College or University. References—The Bishop of N. C., ex-Mayor T. W. Patton of Asheville, etc. For further information, testimonials, announcements for next session, etc., address T. H. T. WRIGHT, Asheville, N. C.
T. H. T. WRIGHT, Head Master. jy 24 1m

PEACE Institute for Young Ladies

RALEIGH, N. C.

It is the best. Send for illustrated catalogue to
JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal.
je 22 3m

St. Mary's School For Girls,

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

The Advent Term of the Fifty-fifth School Year will begin September 19, 1895. Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene.
Address the Rector,
Rev. B. SMEDES, A. M.
july 6 2m

Oak Ridge Institue.

"Stands in the forefront of Southern Fitting Schools:" Prepares for College, for Business, for Life; 340 Students and 53 Graduates in all departments last year; nearly $40,000 in buildings and equipments; Location unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness; nearly 1,000 feet above the sea level; in full view of the Blue Ridge; "Maximum of advantage with minimum of cost," our motto: Write for Catalogue.
J. A. & M. H. HOLT,
jy 14 tf Oak Ridge, N. C.

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GOOD SHOES

EXTREMELY CHEAP,

And They Are Doing That Very Thing.

Call and see them at the Old Stand of H. C. Evans, where Mercer & Gaylord for the past six months have made such a loud noise about LOWEST PRICES.

We will be glad to have a call from you all.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,
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$250,000

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